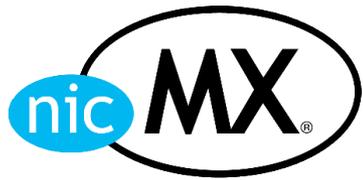


Network  
Information  
Center  
México

Dot MX  
Anycast  
DNS  
system and results  
on traffic analysis



# Index

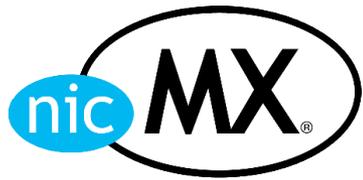
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1. About NIC México
2. Evolution of DNS Services in NIC México
  1. In the beginning ...
  2. Anycast project Version 1
  3. Anycast project Version 2
3. Traffic analysis



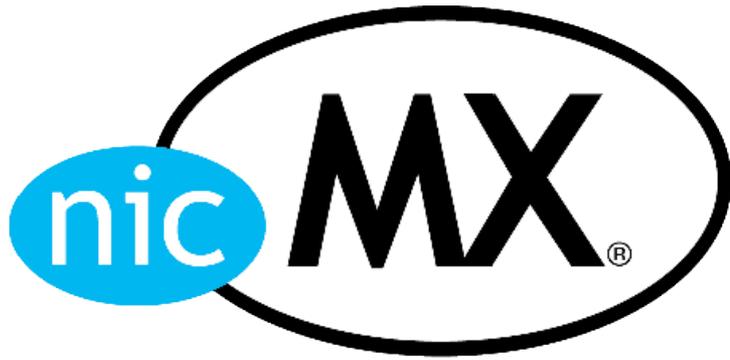
## About NIC México

- n ccTLD operator of .mx (México).
- n National Internet Registry (México).
- n .mx registrations are possible under the following SLDs only:
  - n Com.mx (open)
  - n Edu.mx (restrictions apply)
  - n Gob.mx (restrictions apply)
  - n Net.mx (restrictions apply)
  - n Org.mx (restrictions apply)
  - n Test.mx (restrictions apply)



## About NIC México

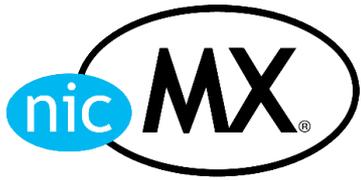
- n .mx registrations are possible through:
  - n NIC México registrar.
  - n Other registrars using API-MX.
- n Almost all systems are developed and operated in house.
- n IT infrastructure is developed and operated in house.
- n 185,453 domains under .mx to date.



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DNS  
Infrastructure

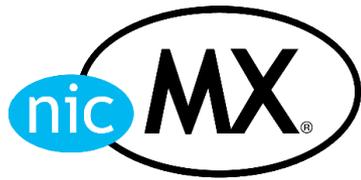




## In the beginning ...

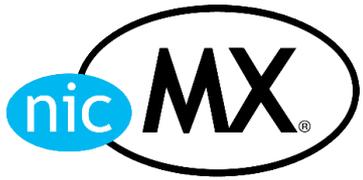
- n Sponsored secondaries with other organizations.

NS	IP Address	Geographic Location
ns.nic.mx ( <b>NIC México</b> )	200.23.1.1	Monterrey, Sótano del CETEC
dns1.avantel.net.mx ( <b>ISP</b> )	200.33.213.66	Monterrey, Avantel Datacenter
mex1-m-213.uninet.net.mx ( <b>ISP</b> )	200.33.146.213	DF, Telmex laboratory
ns.unam.mx ( <b>University</b> )	132.248.253.1	DF, DGSCA, UNAM



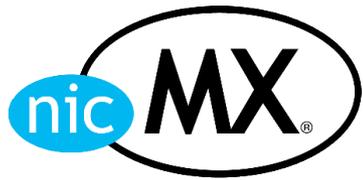
## In the beginning ...

- n IPv4 version 1 (only on one NS RR), all DNS servers operated by NIC Mexico, 2002
  - n IN NS ns.nic.mx
  - n IN NS **yacateuctli.nic.mx**
    - n Yacateuctli is an aztec god and patron of merchants who travel long distances.
  
- n Dynamic updates, January 2004
  
- n IPv4 anycast version 2 (all four NS RR), July 2005
  - n IN NS a.ns.mx
  - n IN NS b.ns.mx
  - n IN NS c.ns.mx
  - n IN NS d.ns.mx



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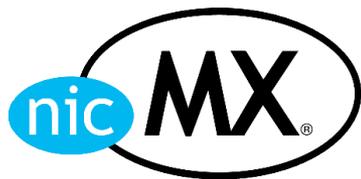
## IPv4 Anycast .MX version 2



## IPv4 Anycast version 2 main objectives

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- n Redundancy of DNS infrastructure.
- n High uptimes.
- n Avoid monoculture.
- n Give the majority of our DNS customers better response times (in 2005, USA and Mexico).



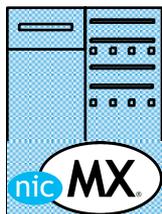
## IPv4 Anycast version 2

DNS servers for .MX, SLD's and IR for the NIR at July 2005

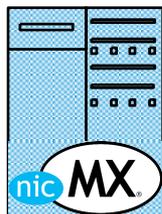
IPv4 Anycast in all the servers with 4 NS:

- a.ns.mx (200.23.1.1)
- b.ns.mx (200.23.179.1)
- c.ns.mx (192.100.224.1)
- d.ns.mx (207.248.64.1)

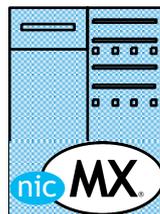
On 5 physical global nodes:



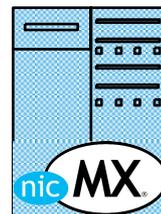
Monterrey, MX  
Triara



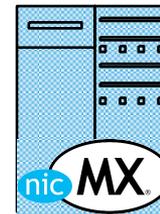
Monterrey, MX  
Avantel



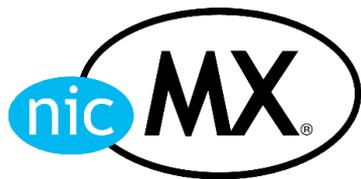
México City, MX  
Alestra



San Jose, US  
Verio



San Francisco, US  
ISC



## IPv4 Anycast version 2

DNS servers for .MX, SLD's and IR for the NIR at July 2005

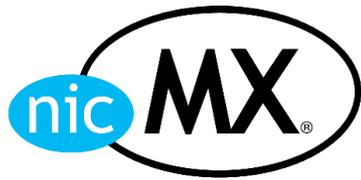
IPv4 Anycast in all the servers with 4 NS:

- a.ns.mx (200.23.1.1)
- b.ns.mx (200.23.179.1)
- c.ns.mx (192.100.224.1)
- d.ns.mx (207.248.64.1)

Plus 1 local node:

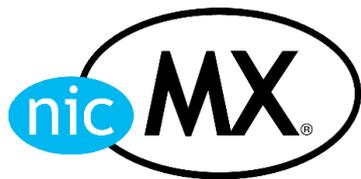


New York, US  
ISC



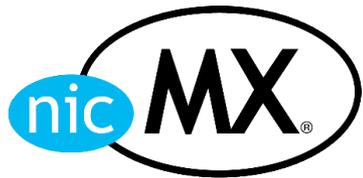
# IPv4 Anycast version 2 details

- n Each NS listed in the root zone resides on a /24.
- n A /23 for a.ns.mx, c.ns.mx and d.ns.mx is announced from one location. The local node announces /24 prefixes for a.ns.mx, c.ns.mx and d.ns.mx only.
- n Each node can announce any of the four prefixes of the four NS listed in the root zone.
- n Each node announces two or three prefixes only. Different physical nodes are “seen” from one point on the Internet.
  - n Example, Verio node announces prefixes for a.ns.mx and d.ns.mx in the normal operation state.
- n In case of problems on a node, the off prefixes can be manually turned on to preserve anycasting and diversity.



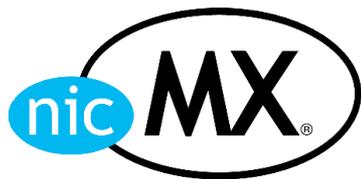
# Avoid monoculture

- n **Operating Systems:** FreeBSD 4, Linux 2.6, OpenBSD 3, Solaris 9.
- n **Hardware architectures:** AMD64, Intel x86, Sparc.
- n **DNS implementations:** BIND 8, BIND 9, ANS.
- n **Firewalls:** IPFW2, IPF, PF, IPTables.
- n **BGP implementations:** Quagga, OpenBGP, Cisco IOS.
- n **Carriers covering ~90% of Mexico's Internet:** Alestra, Avantel and Telmex plus Verio and ISC.



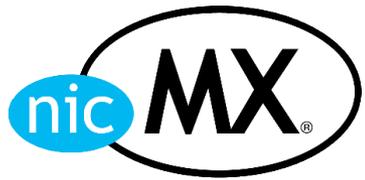
## Other features

- n Full control of DNS system.
- n Easy to include one more server to the pool, there is no need to request IANA updates.
- n **Redundant remote access on all servers: SSH, KVM over Internet and analog PSTN modem.**
- n Memory file system for zone storage.

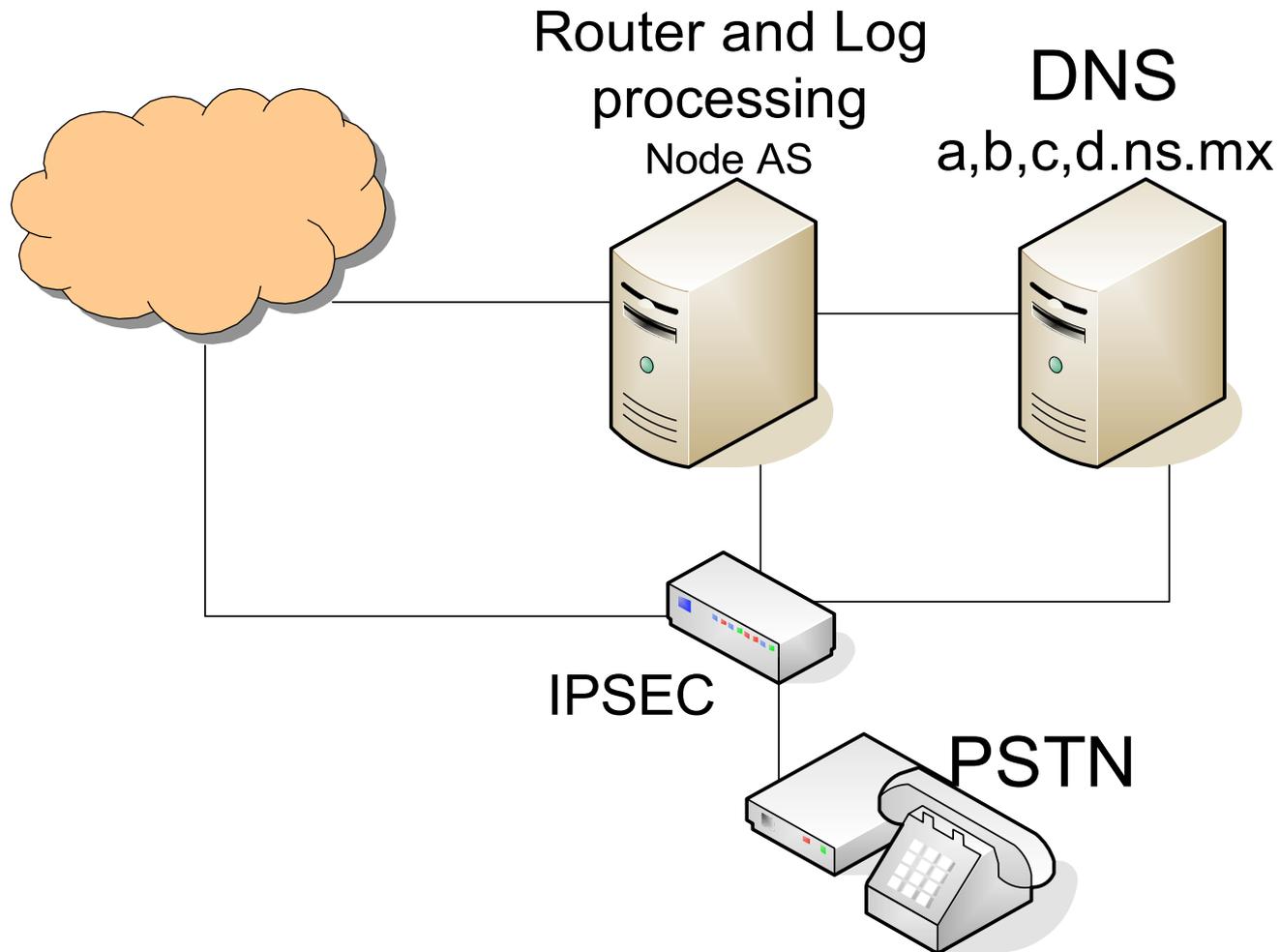


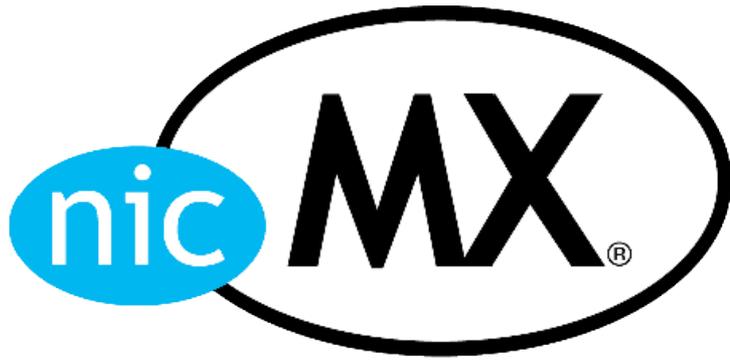
## Blocking and unblocking of attackers

- n Monitoring the number of queries based on source IP.
- n Automatic blocking on firewall.
- n Exponentially growing time of blocking on attackers: 5, 10, 20, 40, 60 minutes.
- n A memory of 3 hours of misbehavior.



# Typical Node

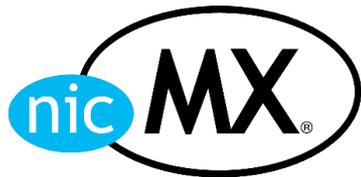




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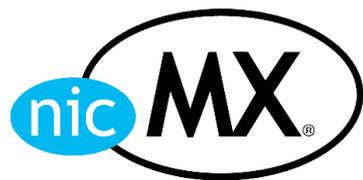
# Traffic Analysis



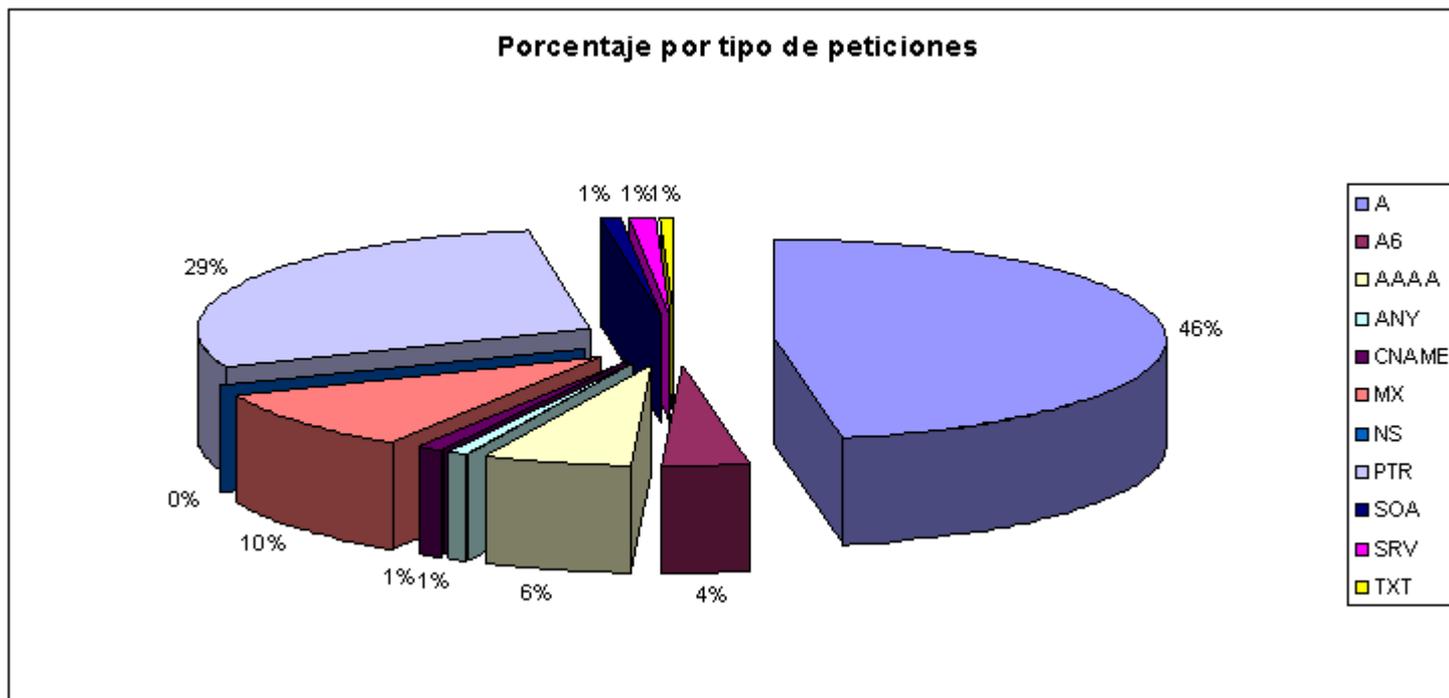


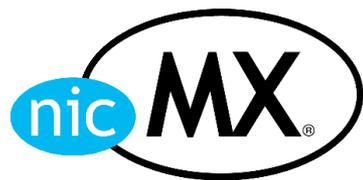
## DNS queries on .mx servers

- n A lot of unnecessary traffic.
- n One of objective of our DNS infrastructure is to put servers near the origination of the queries.
- n Traffic analysis is done with captures taken at the same time on all servers.
- n The following statistics were taken in October, 2006.

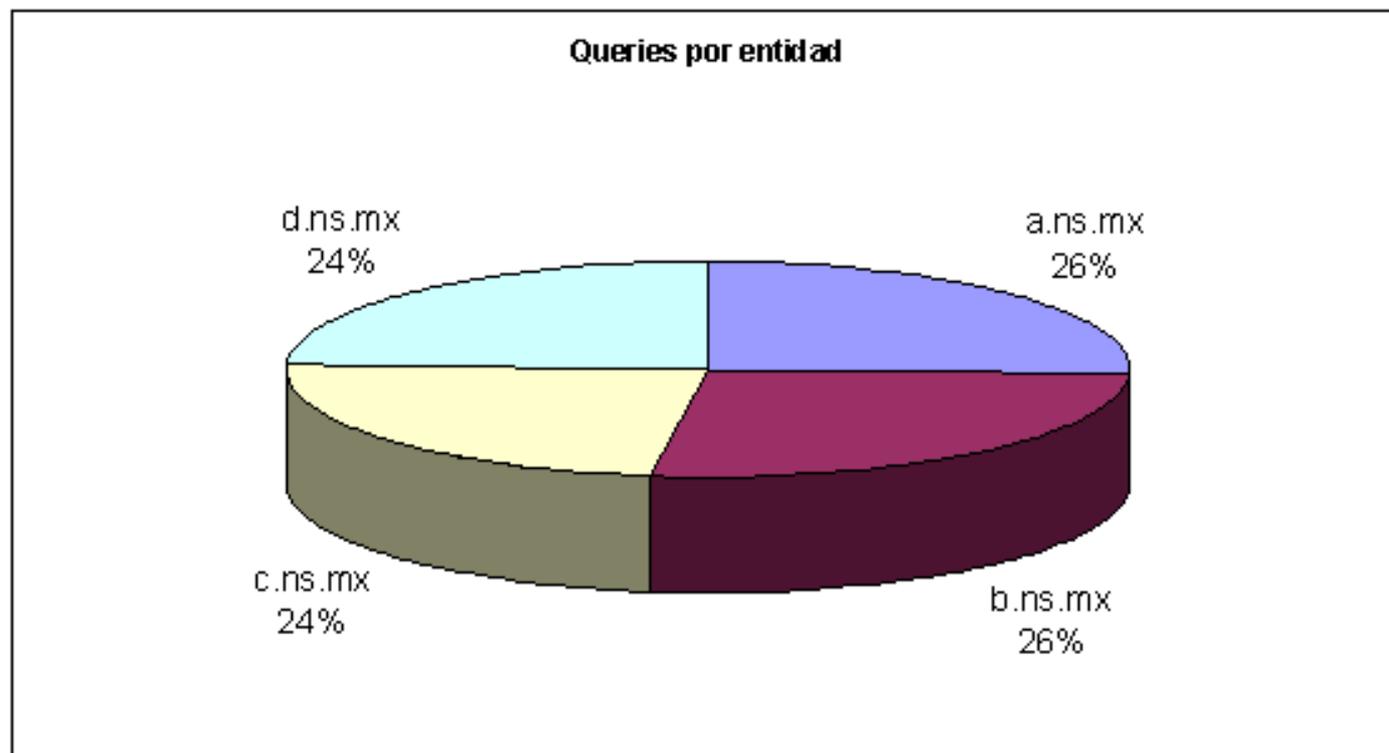


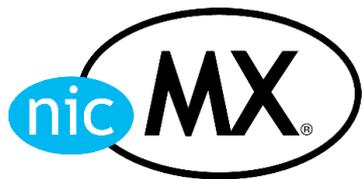
# By RRtype,



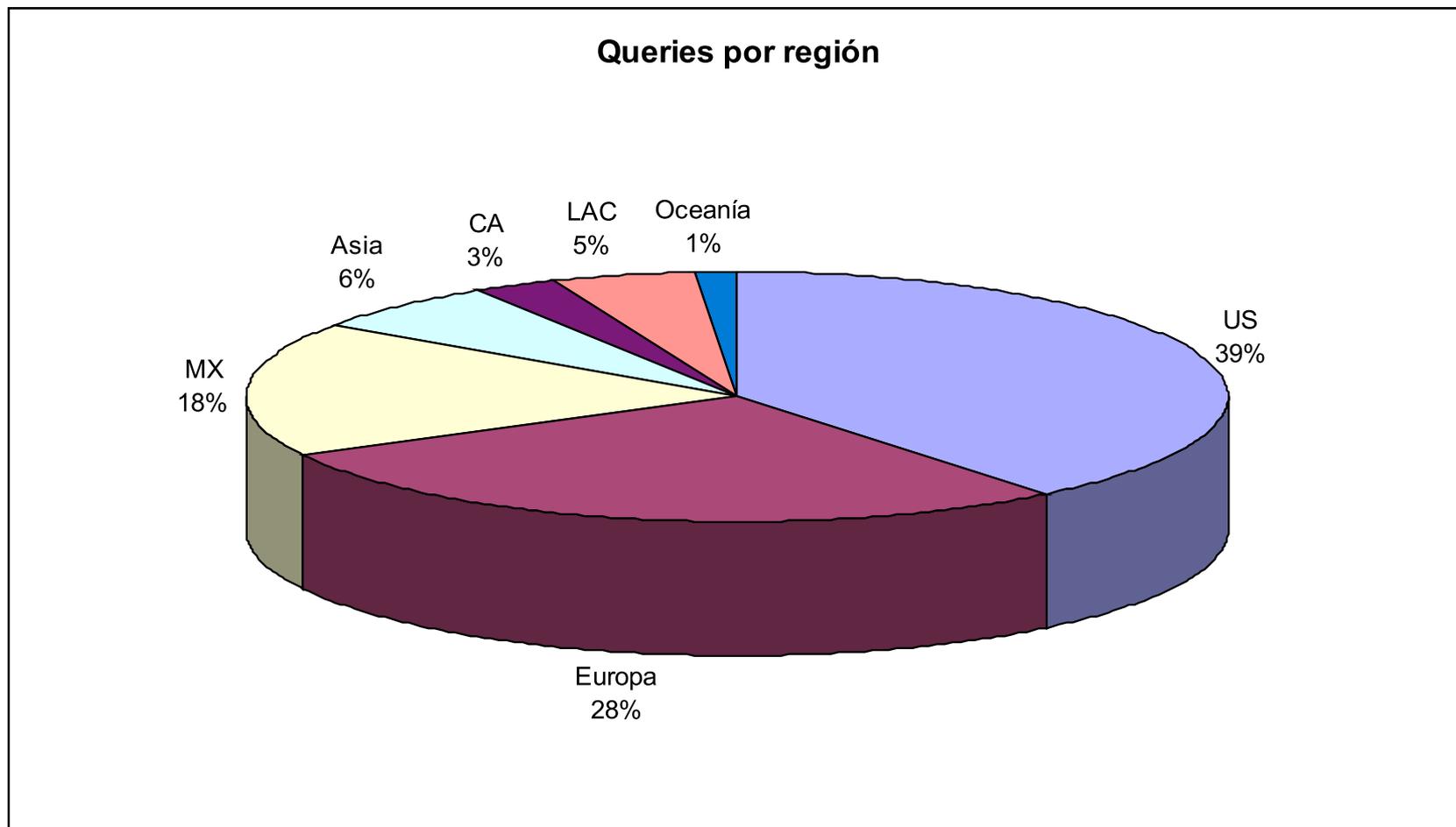


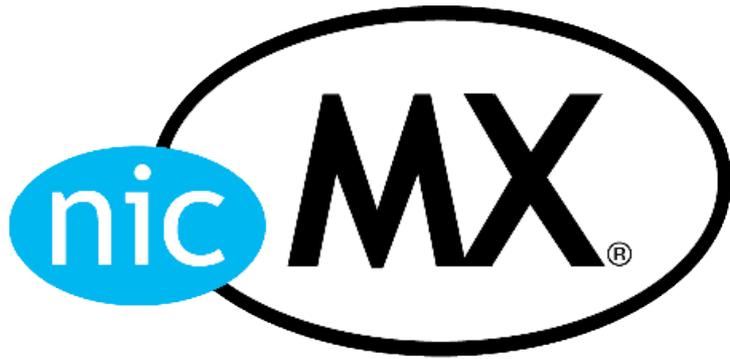
# By NS,





## By region,

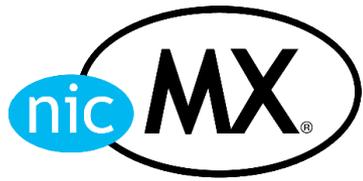




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México

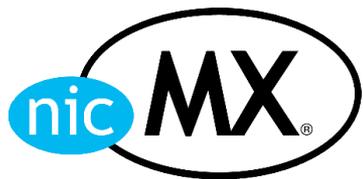
Present and  
future projects,





# Present and future,

- n IPv6 support on the Registry applications (done)
- n Secondary for other ccTLD's in IPv4 Anycast (IPv4 anycast)
- n ENUM (private trial)
- n DNSsec (test bed)
- n Nodes in Europe and Asia-Pacific ... soon
- n EPP ... soon
- n IPv6 transport ... soon
- n IRIS ... later
- n IDN's ... not for some time



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Thank you