DNSSEC Workshop

ICANN Silicon Valley Francisco, California

Canadian Internet Registry Authority (CIRA) Jacques Latour

DNSSEC Workshop 16 March 2011



Current State

- We just migrated our Registry to support EPP and new business processes
 - 18 Month project
 - Migration: 24 hours on October 12, 2011
 - New hardware, OS, applications & DB

http://www.





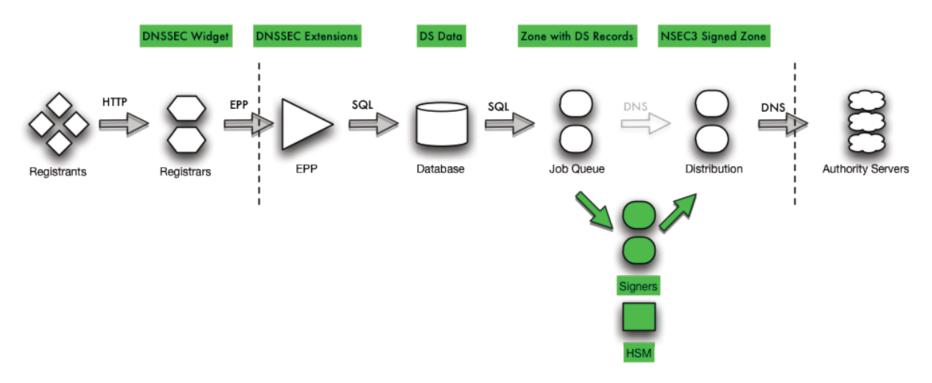
DNSSEC Project

- Started detailed DNSSEC planning
 - Lot's of research and training
- Preliminary solution architecture & design
- Developing a detailed project plan
- Project execution
- Process development
- Risk management



DNSSEC Project Impact

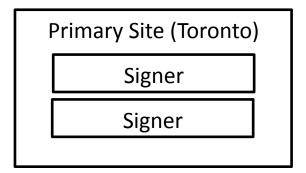
- Impacts all aspect of the Registry & DNS system
- Not just a "Bump in the Wire"

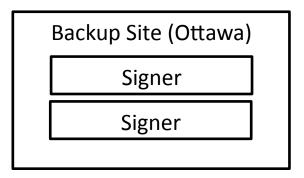




Solution Architecture

- Multiple signers in multiple locations
- Multiple roles control crypto elements





CIRA Office Site Key Signing Signer



Preliminary Schedule

Milestone Target Completion Date

•	raft Summary of Approach completed (Completed)		2011-01-31 (X)	
•	Draft DNSSEC Policy and Practice Statement (DPS) (Comp	oleted)	2011-02-2	28 (X)
	Recommendations for Hardware Purchases delivered (C	ompleted)) 2	2011-02-28 (X)
•	Draft Signer Design completed	2011-03-	31	
•	Draft Monitoring and Measurement Design completed	•	2011-03-3	31
•	Initial Technical Training Session completed	•	2011-03-3	31
	DPS published for external review	•	2011-06	
•	Measurement and Monitoring infrastructure deployed		2011-06	
•	Lab signer environment deployed	•	2011-06	
•	Impact Assessment for Nameservers completed	•	2011-07	
	Technical Training completed	2011-10		
	Production signer environments deployed	•	2011-10	
•	DPS finalised following external review		2011-10	
•	First production key ceremony completed	•	2011-12	
	Key materials successfully replicated to on-line signers	•	2011-12	
	Initial DS RRSet for CA in root zone submitted to IANA		2012-02	
	Production signed CA zone deployed		2012-02	



Tentative DNSSEC Parameters

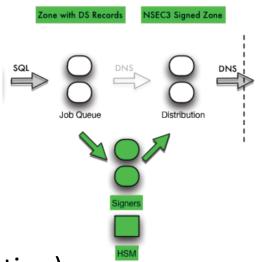
 Reasonable compromise between operational practicality and security

Parameter	Value
Key Signing Key (KSK)	2048-bit RSA
KSK Rollover Schedule	every 12 months
KSK Signature Algorithm	RSASHA256
Zone Signing Key (ZSK)	1024-bit RSA
ZSK Rollover Schedule	every 28 days
ZSK Signature Algorithm	RSASHA256
Authenticated Proof of Non-Existence	NSEC3 with opt-out



Development Process

- Add zone signing process as part of CIRA's software development life cycle
 - CIRA follows the Agile process
 - Quality Assurance Process;
 - Requirements specifications
 - Architecture design specifications
 - Implementation of design (code/integration)
 - Robustness, performance & functional testing
 - Release management





Risk Management

- DNSSEC & zone signing technology is still in its infancy.
- Not a lot of DNSSEC experience available out there
- TLD have seen various type of DNSSEC related service impacting outages;
 - DNSSEC Software bugs
 - Key management issues
 - Implementation issues
 - Operational issues



Conclusion

. CIRA is committed to implementing DNSSEC in a timely and controlled fashion $\boldsymbol{\vartheta}$