

Innovative uses as a result of DNSSEC

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Disclaimer

- ☞ This is highly opinionated
- ☞ I may be wrong

Spreading usage

- ④ ADDRESS MAPPING - where do I connect?
- ④ SECURITY - how do I connect?
 - ④ Current RRs (e.g. SSHFP) unused
 - ④ DANE will change this
- ④ POLICY - should I connect?
 - ④ Growth area
 - ④ Squeeze policy into one line! - madness

Bifurcation

- Useful generic characteristics of DNS
 - By design: Scalable, distributed, route around failure, compact, replicating, SECURE
 - By accident: Firewall transparent, high investment
- So seems natural for databases
 - More clever database features needed
 - Pointers, indexes etc
 - But - loose synchronisation under threat

Peer 2 Peer DNS

- ⌚ Threat from asymmetry of attack bandwidth vs defense bandwidth - DDoS
- ⌚ P2P natural mitigation
- ⌚ P2P is all about trust
- ⌚ DNSSEC provides trust for data integrity
- ⌚ BUT still no trust for server integrity
 - ⌚ Not hard to solve!
- ⌚ AND high performance not trivial

Side effects

- ☞ Crypto in Enterprise now common
- ☞ DNSSEC another crypto function
 - ☞ Good examples of management processes
 - ☞ e.g. Split of KSK, ZSK
- ☞ Clear now - Enterprises need CA function
 - ☞ Following that best practice
 - ☞ Organisational root keys
 - ☞ Translate keys between different formats (hard)

Any questions?

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