

## Latin Script Root Zone Label Generation Rules

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## Agenda Overview



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Variant Analysis
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WLE and Test File Discussion

## Scope of Work for Code Point Analysis

- Maximal String Repertoire Version 3 (MSR-3)
- MSR-3 is a subset what is accepted for IDNA 2008
- Unicode ranges
- Controls and Basic Latin
- Controls and Latin-1 Supplement
- Latin Extended-A only lowercase
- Latin Extended-B
- IPA Extensions
- Combining Diacritical Marks
- Combining Diacritical Marks Supplement
- Latin Extended Additional
- Latin Extended-C
- Non exhaustive list of 455 languages in scope
- Non exhaustive list of EGIDS 1-5 languages contains 300 languages
- Non exhaustive list of EGIDS 1-4 languages contains 181 languages


## Scope of Work Variant Analysis

- In-script variant analysis
- Cross-script variant analysis
- Armenian script
- Cyrillic script
- Greek script


## Challenges

- Challenges
- Many languages
- Many code points to process
- Not enough members from too few regions to cover workload
- Since Latin script is used by languages from different language families and geographic areas all over the world, a rich variety of characters have been developed to meet the need of representing different linguistic characteristics
- The same abstract character in a specific languages can sometimes have different shapes that overlap with different code points, e.g. both $\{f\}$ and $\{f\}$ can be used for letter " $f$ " in Swedish, but they are also encoded as different code points in Unicode


## Solutions

- Solutions
- First process languages with EGIDS=1-4 (181)
- Consider processing languages with EGIDS=5 (119)
- Decided to limit level 5 languages to those with at least 1 million users and with sufficient reference
- 29 level 5 languages are included in the investigation
- Define simple procedure for developing Latin script repertoire
- Go through available online resources for each languages looking for the "alphabet" for the language to determine what code points are need to support the languages.
- Workload divided in two groups
- Repertoire Working Group
- Variant Working Group


## Work Accomplished - Repertoire

- Developing Repertoire
- 181 of 181 EGIDS $1-4$ languages processed
- 29 EGIDS 5 languages processed
- 195 of 279 MSR-2 code points attested
- 192 letter code points, e.g. "ə" U+0259 LATIN SMALL LETTER SCHWA
- 7 combining marks, e.g. U+0331 COMBINING MACRON BELOW
- Many of the letter code points are pre-composed characters with diacritics, e.g. "爻" U+1E8D LATIN SMALL LETTER X WITH DIAERESIS


## Work Accomplished - Repertoire

- Developing Repertoire
- 3 non-MSR-2 code points were proposed and accepted in MSR-3

| $\dot{\dagger}$ | 0268 | LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH STROKE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $n$ | 0272 | LATIN SMALL LETTER N WITH LEFT HOOK |
| $!$ | $1 E 3 D$ | LATIN SMALL LETTER L WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW |

## Work Accomplished - Repertoire

- Developing Repertoire
- 3 non-MSR 3 code points are proposed for inclusion in an updated MSR, and if accepted, they will be included in Latin LGR proposal

| $d$ | $1 E 13$ | LATIN SMALL LETTER D WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $n$ | $1 E 4 B$ | LATIN SMALL LETTER $N$ WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW |
| $t$ | $1 E 71$ | LATIN SMALL LETTER T WITH CIRCUMFLEX BELOW |

## Work Accomplished - Repertoire

- Outside Repertoire
- Some languages use code points that cannot be accepted for the root zone, e.g. apostrophe like characters
, 02BC LATIN MODIFIER LETTER APOSTROPHE
- Latin GP rejected a code point that is very similar to exclamation mark, but used in one of the investigated languages
! 01C3 LATIN LETTER RETROFLEX CLICK


## Work Accomplished - Repertoire

- Outside Repertoire
- Latin GP proposed 3 code points used for click sounds for inclusion in MSR 3, but IP did not accept them on the grounds that they are visually too similar to code points disallowed in IDNA 2008

| I | $01 C 0$ | LATIN LETTER DENTAL CLICK |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\\|$ | $01 C 1$ | LATIN LETTER LATERAL CLICK |
| $\neq$ | $01 C 2$ | LATIN LETTER ALVEOLAR CLICK |

## Work Accomplished - Variants

- Developing Variants
- Framework defined
- In-script variants are under analysis
- Cross-script variants with Cyrillic, Greek and Armenian: Preliminary list complete


## Work Accomplished - IP feedback

- Latin GP submitted the second round preliminary proposal to the IP in September 2018
- The IP has responded with feedback, especially on cross-script variants
- Latin GP analysis of the feedback on the proposal will result in a new, complete proposal, that will eventually go for public comment


## Project Timeline



## Variant Analysis

Cross-Script and In-Script

## Tentative Variant Analysis Framework



## Cross-Script Variants

## Cyrillic, Greek and Armenian

## Preliminary Candidates: Latin-Cyrillic (1/3)

| Source Unicode Name | Source Code Point | Source Glyph | Target Glyph | Target Code Point | Target Unicode Name | Rationale | Proposed Cross-Script Variant by Cyrillic GP | Cross-Script <br> Variant <br> Candidate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER A | 0061 | a | a | 0430 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER A | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER C | 0063 | C | C | 0441 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ES | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E | 0065 | e | e | 0435 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER IE | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER H | 0068 | h | h | 04BB | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SHHA | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER | 0069 | I | I | 0456 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER BYELORUSSIANUKRAINIAN I | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER J | 006A | j | j | 0458 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER JE | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER <br> L | 006C | I | I | 04CF | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER <br> PALOCHKA | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER o | 006F | 0 | 0 | 043E | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER O | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER P | 0070 | p | p | 0440 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER R | 0072 | $r$ | 「 | 0433 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GHE | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER S | 0073 | S | S | 0455 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DZE | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER X | 0078 | X | X | 0445 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER HA | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |

## Preliminary Candidates: Latin-Cyrillic (2/3)

| Source Unicode Name | Source Code Point | Source Glyph | Target Glyph | Target Code Point | Target Unicode Name | Rationale | Proposed Cross-Script Variant by Cyrillic GP | Cross-Script Variant Candidate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y | 0079 | Y | Y | 04AF | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER STRAIGHT U | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y | 0079 | y | y | 0443 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER <br> U | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS | 00E4 | ä | ä | 04D3 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER A WITH DIAERESIS | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER AE | 00E6 | æ | æ | 04D5 | CYRILLIC SMALL LIGATURE A IE | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER C WITH CEDILLA | 00E7 | Ç | Ç | 04AB | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ES WITH DESCENDER | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH DIAERESIS | O0EB | ë | ë | 0451 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER IO | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS | O0EF | ï | ï | 0457 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER YI | Homoglyph |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS | 00F6 | Ö | Ö | 04E7 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER O WITH DIAERESIS | Homoglyph |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH DIAERESIS | OOFF | $\ddot{\text { y }}$ | $\ddot{\mathrm{y}}$ | 04F1 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER U WITH DIAERESIS | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE | 0103 | ă | ă | 04D1 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER A WITH BREVE | Homoglyph |  | Candidate |

## Preliminary Candidates: Latin-Cyrillic (3/3)

| Source Unicode Name | Source Code Point | Source Glyph | Target Glyph | Target Code Point | Target Unicode Name | Rationale | Proposed Cross-Script Variant by Cyrillic GP | Cross-Script <br> Variant <br> Candidate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER E WITH BREVE | 0115 | ĕ | ĕ | 04D7 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER IE WITH BREVE | Homoglyph |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER H WITH STROKE | 0127 | ћ | ћ | 045B | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER TSHE | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH ACUTE | 0155 | ŕ | ' | 0453 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GJE | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER TURNED E | 01DD | Ә | Ә | 04D9 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SCHWA | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER R WITH STROKE | 024D | $f$ | F | 0493 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER GHE WITH STROKE | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER SCHWA | 0259 | Ә | Ә | 04D9 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER SCHWA | Homoglyph | Yes | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER <br> EZH | 0292 | 3 | 3 | 04E1 | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ABKHASIAN DZE | Homoglyph |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U WITH DOT BELOW | 1EE5 | U | Џ | 045F | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER DZHE | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y WITH TILDE | 1EF9 | y | $\overline{\mathrm{y}}$ | 04EF | CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER U WITH MACRON | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design |  | In Review |

## Preliminary Candidates: Latin-Greek (1/2)

| Source Unicode Name | Source Code Point | Source Glyph | Target Glyph | Target Code Point | Target Unicode Name | Rationale | Cross-Script Variant Candidate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER A | 0061 | a | $\alpha$ | 03B1 | GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O | 006F | 0 | 0 | 03BF | GREEK SMALL LETTER omicron | Homoglyph | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER P | 0070 | $p$ | $\rho$ | 03C1 | GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U | 0075 | U | U | 03C5 | GREEK SMALL LETTER UPSILON | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER V | 0076 | V | V | 03BD | GREEK SMALL LETTER NU | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design; based on security | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER X | 0078 | X | X | 03C7 | GREEK SMALL LETTER CHI | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | In Review |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Y | 0079 | y | Y | 03B3 | GREEK SMALL LETTER GAMMA | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER SHARP S | 00DF | $\beta$ | $\beta$ | 03B2 | GREEK SMALL LETTER BETA | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER A WITH ACUTE | 00E1 | á | Ó | 03AC | GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA WITH TONOS | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH ACUTE | O0ED | Í | í | 03AF | GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH TONOS | Homoglyph | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER I WITH DIAERESIS | 00EF | \#̈ | \# | 03CA | GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA WITH DIALYTIKA | Homoglyph | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O WITH ACUTE | 00F3 | Ó | Ó | 03CC | GREEK SMALL LETTER OMICRON WITH TONOS | Homoglyph | Candidate |

## Preliminary Candidates: Latin-Greek (2/2)

| Source Unicode Name | Source <br> Code Point | Source <br> Glyph | Target <br> Glyph | Target <br> Code Point | Target Unicode Name | Rationale | Cross-Script <br> Variant <br> Candidate |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U <br> WITH ACUTE | 00FA | Ú | Ú | $03 C D$ | GREEK SMALL LETTER <br> UPSILON WITH TONOS | Glyphs nearly identical due to font <br> design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U <br> WITH DIAERESIS | 00FC | Ü | Ü | $03 C B$ | GREEK SMALL LETTER <br> UPSILON WITH DIALYTIKA | Glyphs nearly identical due to font <br> design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER <br> DOTLESS I | 0131 | I | I | $03 B 9$ | GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA | Homoglyph | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O <br> WITH HORN | 01 A1 | O' | $\sigma$ | $03 C 3$ | GREEK SMALL LETTER <br> SIGMA | Glyphs nearly identical due to font <br> design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER <br> OPEN E | $025 B$ | $\varepsilon$ | $\varepsilon$ | $03 B 5$ | GREEK SMALL LETTER <br> EPSILON | Homoglyph | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER <br> IOTA | 0269 | l | I | $03 B 9$ | GREEK SMALL LETTER IOTA | Homoglyph | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER V <br> WITH HOOK | $028 B$ | 0 | U | $03 C 5$ | GREEK SMALL LETTER <br> UPSILON | Glyphs nearly identical due to font <br> design | Candidate |

## Preliminary Candidates: Latin-Armenian (1/1)

| Source Unicode Name | Source Code Point | Source Glyph | Target Glyph | Target Code Point | Target Unicode Name | Rationale | Cross-Script Variant Candidate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER G | 0067 | g | g | 0581 | ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER CO | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER H | 0068 | h | h | 0570 | ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER HO | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER N | 006E | n | n | 0578 | ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER Vo | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER O | 006F | 0 | 0 | 0585 | ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER OH | Homoglyph | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER Q | 0071 | q | q | 0566 | ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER ZA | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER U | 0075 | U | U | 057D | ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER SEH | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |
| LATIN SMALL LETTER IOTA | 0269 | 1 | L | 0582 | ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER YIWN | Glyphs nearly identical due to font design | Candidate |

## In-Script Variants



## Preliminary Findings

- Until this moment no known "semantic" variants in researched languages
- One case of identical shapes: Turned E (01DD) and Schwa (0259)
- Certain cases under analysis:
- Use of diacritics (e.g., shape and stacking)
- IDNA 2003 Compatibility Issues (e.g., 'ss' and ' $\beta$ ' (00DF))
- Spacing (e.g., 'æ’ (00E6) and 'ae')
- Base character (e.g., 'f' (0066) and 'f' (0192))


## Other

$\square$

## WLE Rules Discussion

- No WLE Rules are planned for Latin LGR
- The contextual restrictions found in the Latin LGR proposal are for combining, non-space marks, e.g. U+0331 COMBINING MACRON BELOW
- In the Latin LGR proposal, such marks are only allowed in defined sequences, i.e. only in combination with specific letter code points (in the code point order, only after a letter code point)
- In the Latin LGR proposal, the letter code point and the combining mark are listed as a sequence in the LGR (in one instance, the sequence consists of a letter code point plus two combining marks)
- By defining the combining marks in sequences only, no WLEs are needed for those
- No other code points need contextual restrictions


## Test Labels File Discussion

- Test Label file has not yet been created


## Questions?

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