

# .BO DNSSEC Deployment





# Agenda

1. About ccTLD .bo
2. DNSSEC
3. Initial plan to deploying
4. Development
5. Plan adjustments
6. Conclusions



# About ccTLD .bo

- The Agency for the Development of the Society of the Information in Bolivia is the entity that manages the ccTLD .bo, ADSIB is the registry and its registrar.



- ADSIB is an governmental entity that depends of the Vice Presidency of the Plurinational State of Bolivia.

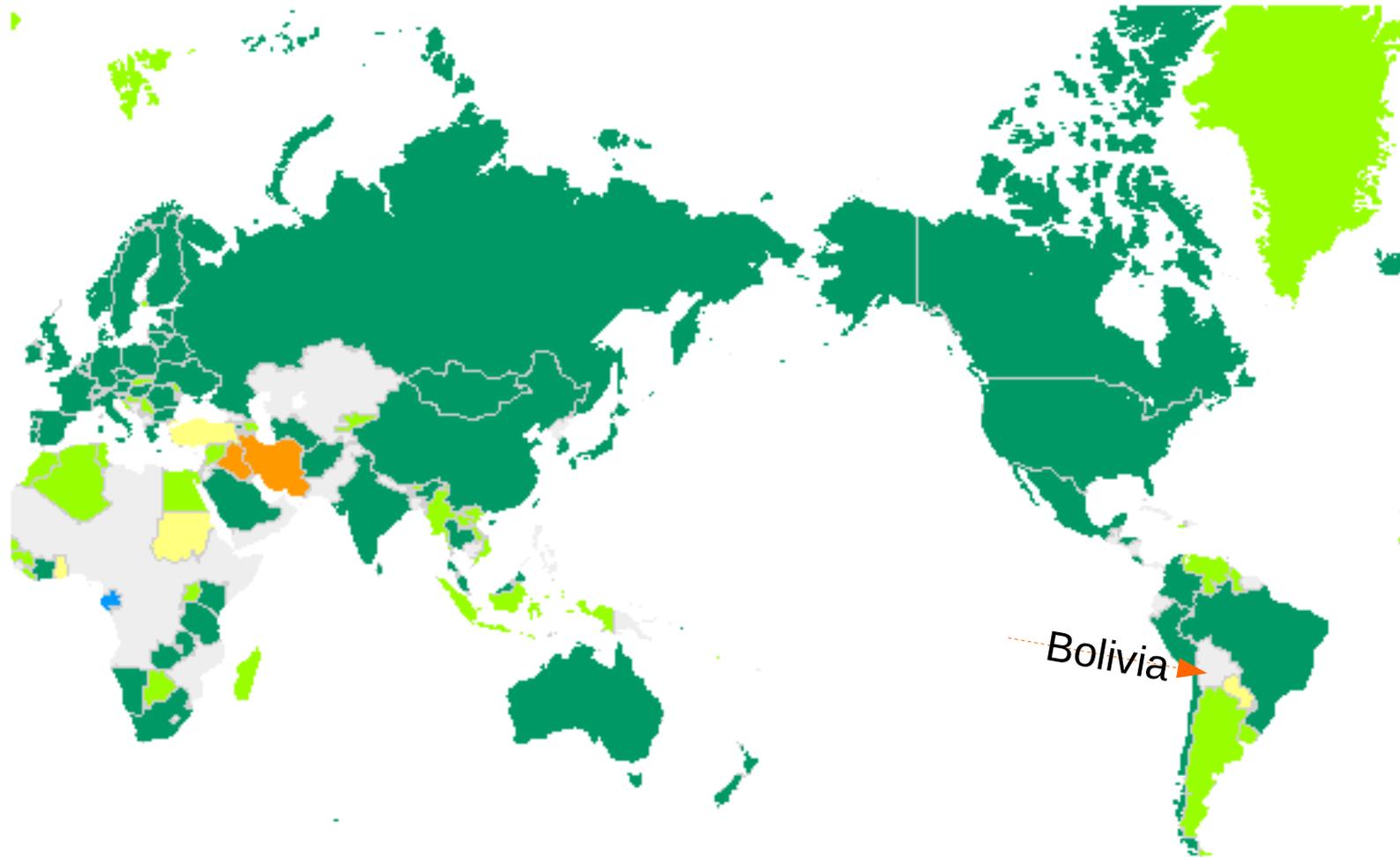
# More about ccTLD .bo



- To may 2020 it has more than 13.800 domain names registered and actives.
- 62% of the domain names are third level and 26% second level domains.
- ADSIB decided to deploy DNSSEC and invited different entities that provide digital services, its objective is to decreases the vulnerability to attacks to the domain names .bo.

# DNSSEC

ccTLD DNSSEC Status on 2019-09-09



- Experimental (8)
- Announced (4)
- Partial (1)
- DS in Root (54)
- Operational (81)

<https://www.internetsociety.org/deploy360/dnssec/maps/>

# DNSSEC



- “DNSSEC is a set of extension to the DNS, and it does not fundamentally change the DNS. A zone administrator adds digital signatures to the contents of a zone file by adding additional information into the zone through the use of DNSSEC-related Resource Record types (RRTypes).”
- “The Domain Name System Security Extensions (DNSSEC) is a suite of Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) specifications for securing certain kinds of information provided by the Domain Name System (DNS) as used on Internet Protocol (IP) networks. It is a set of extensions to DNS which provide to DNS clients (resolvers) cryptographic authentication of DNS data, authenticated denial of existence, and data integrity, but not availability or confidentiality.”



# Initial plan to deploying

- Training DNSSEC
  - Internal ADSIB (2018)
  - Other entities (2019)
  - Monitoring – new entities (2020 - ...)
- Experimental environment and operation
  - Internal test (2018)
  - Register dnssec.bo and test (January 2019)
  - Test with users (July 2019 - ...)
- Documentation (October 2019)
  - Policy, Practice Statement and Procedures
- Deploy
  - Key generation and zone signing .BO (November 2019)
  - Publish DS record DNS ROOT (December 2019)
  - Recive DS records from registrants (December 2019 - ...)
- Evaluation and monitoring DNSSEC (December 2019 - ...)



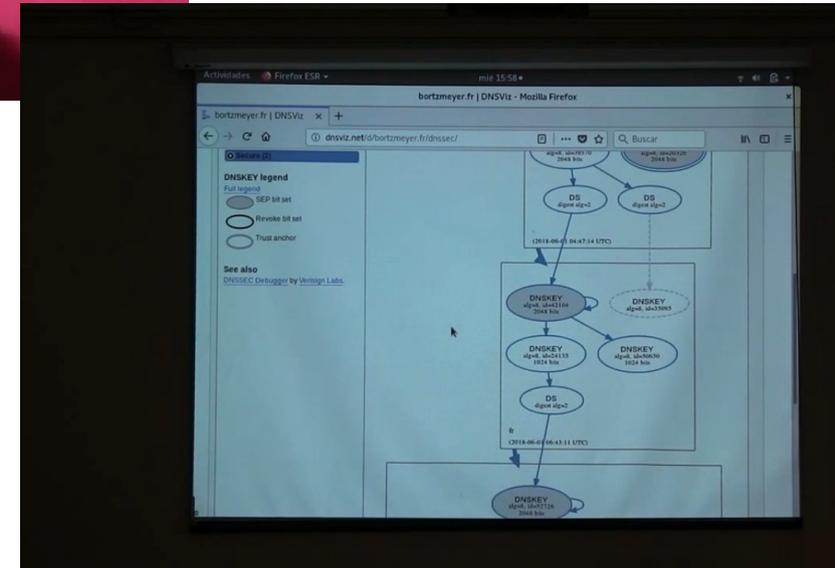
# 4. Development

# Trainning



ADSIB staff and public entities staff

Stéphane Bortzmeyer  
AFNIC  
Octubre 2018



# Trainning



Jose Machicado  
ADSIB  
May and July 2019



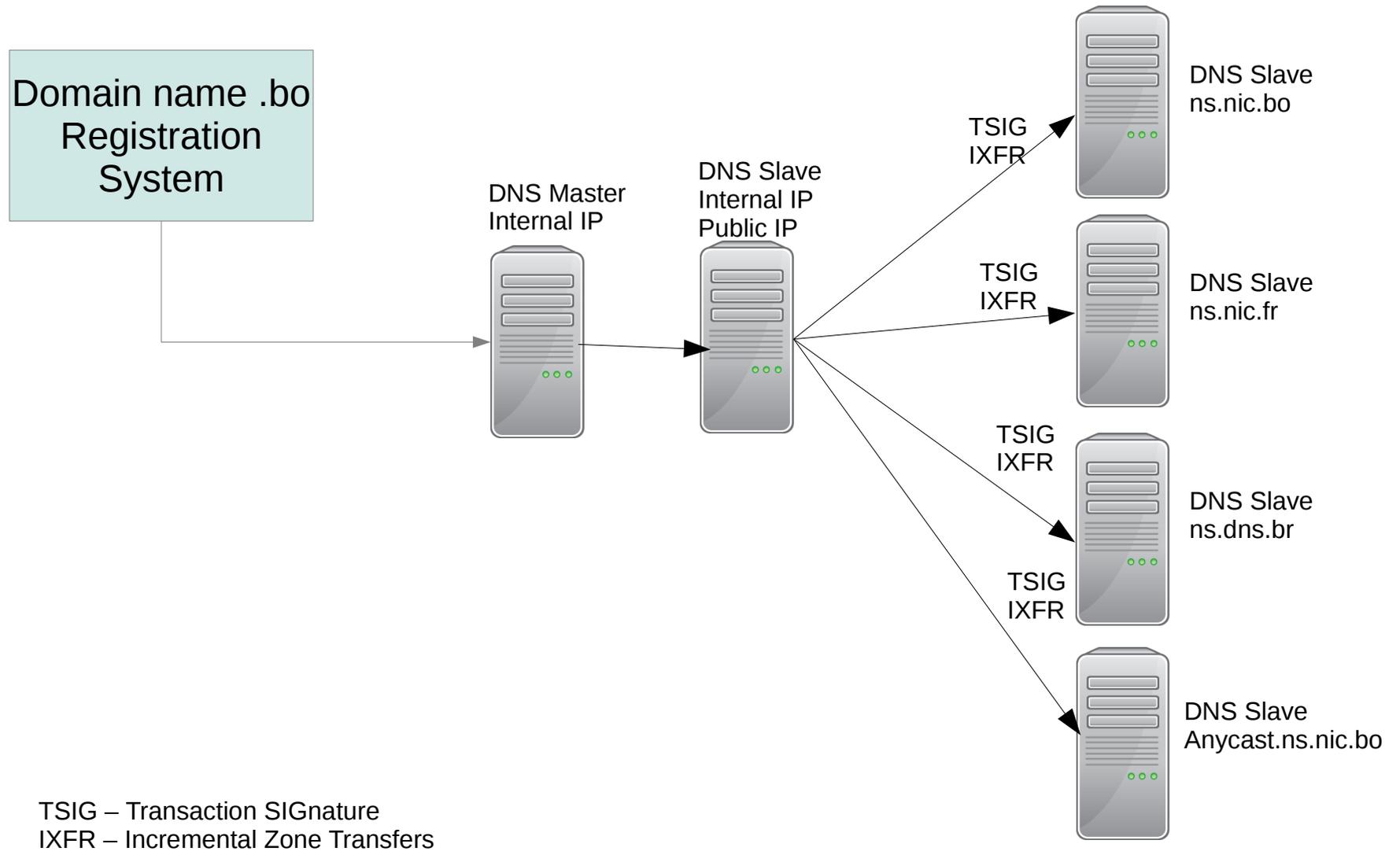
# Entities involucrad



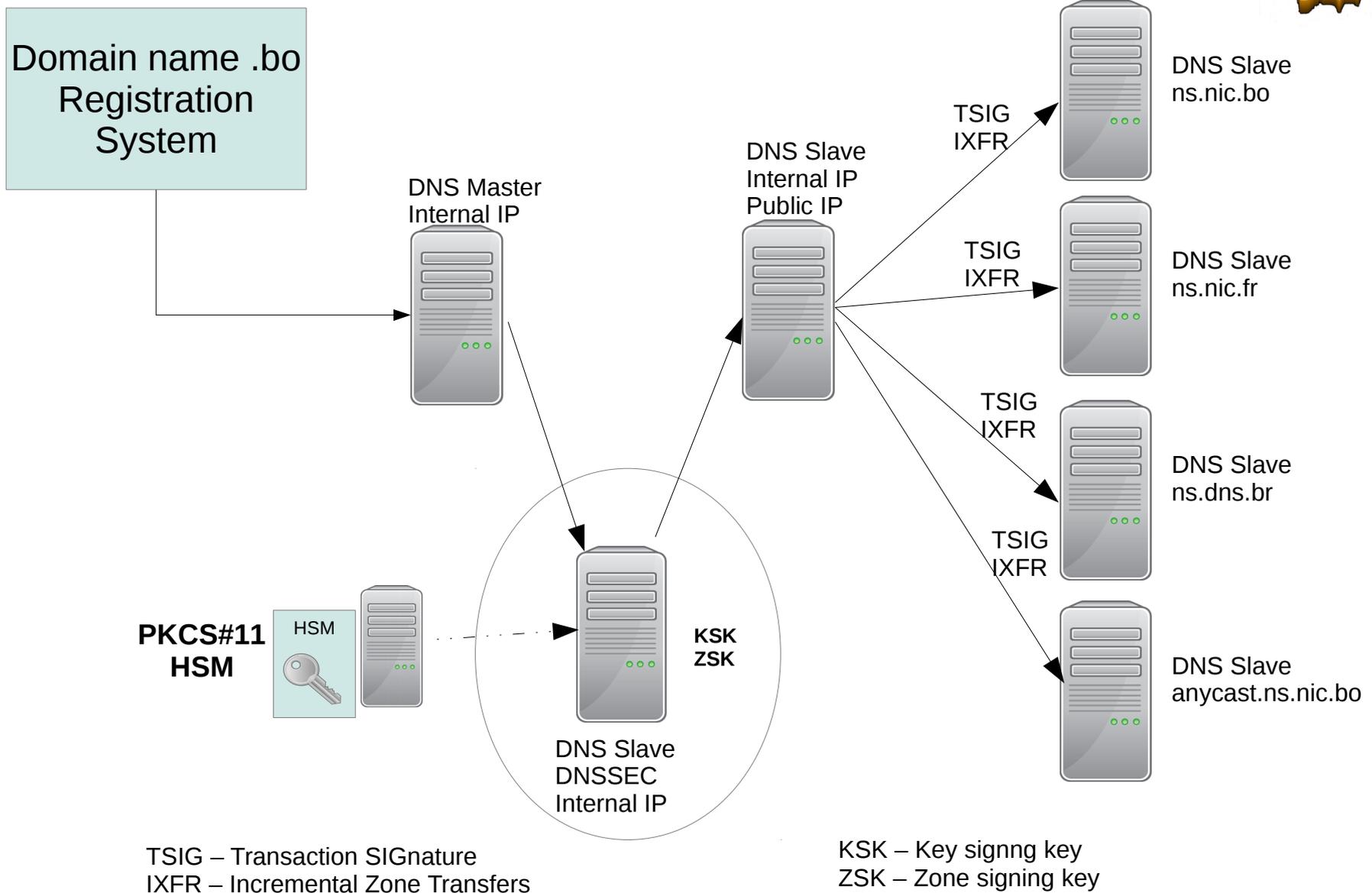
Líder en telecomunicaciones



# Infraestructure DNS



# Infraestructure DNSSEC



# Keys



## KSK (Key Signing Key):

- Key size: 2048
- Key rollover: 2 years
- Scheme of rollover: Pre-publish key
- Key Algorithm: RSA/SHA256

## ZSK (Zone Signing Key):

- Key size: 1024
- Key rollover: 3 months
- Scheme of rollover: Double signature
- Key Algorithm: RSA/SHA256

# Test zone



Domain Name:

Domain Name:

## Analyzing DNSSEC problems for [dnssec.bo](#)

.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✔ Found 2 DNSKEY records for .</li> <li>✔ DS-20326/SHA-256 verifies DNSKEY-20326/SEP</li> <li>✔ Found 1 RRSIGs over DNSKEY RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-20326 and DNSKEY-20326/SEP verifies the DNSKEY RRset</li> </ul>
bo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✘ No DS records found for bo in the . zone</li> <li>✘ No DNSKEY records found</li> </ul>
dnssec.bo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✘ No DS records found for dnssec.bo in the bo zone</li> <li>✔ Found 2 DNSKEY records for dnssec.bo</li> <li>✔ Found 2 RRSIGs over DNSKEY RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-6657 and DNSKEY-6657 verifies the DNSKEY RRset</li> <li>✔ Found 1 RRSIGs over NSEC RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-6657 and DNSKEY-6657 verifies the NSEC RRset</li> <li>✔ NSEC proves no records of type A exist for dnssec.bo</li> <li>✔ Found 1 RRSIGs over SOA RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-6657 and DNSKEY-6657 verifies the SOA RRset</li> </ul>

Move your mouse over any ✘ or ⚠ symbols for remediation hints.

## g DNSSEC problems for [adsib.dnssec.bo](#)

.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✔ Found 2 DNSKEY records for .</li> <li>✔ DS-20326/SHA-256 verifies DNSKEY-20326/SEP</li> <li>✔ Found 1 RRSIGs over DNSKEY RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-20326 and DNSKEY-20326/SEP verifies the DNSKEY RRset</li> </ul>
bo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✘ No DS records found for bo in the . zone</li> <li>✘ No DNSKEY records found</li> </ul>
dnssec.bo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✘ No DS records found for dnssec.bo in the bo zone</li> <li>✔ Found 2 DNSKEY records for dnssec.bo</li> <li>✔ Found 2 RRSIGs over DNSKEY RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-6657 and DNSKEY-6657 verifies the DNSKEY RRset</li> </ul>
adsib.dnssec.bo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✔ Found 2 DS records for adsib.dnssec.bo in the dnssec.bo zone</li> <li>✔ DS-15543/SHA-1 has algorithm RSASHA256</li> <li>✔ DS-15543/SHA-256 has algorithm RSASHA256</li> <li>✔ Found 1 RRSIGs over DS RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-6657 and DNSKEY-6657 verifies the DS RRset</li> <li>✔ Found 4 DNSKEY records for adsib.dnssec.bo</li> <li>✔ DS-15543/SHA-1 verifies DNSKEY-15543</li> <li>✔ Found 4 RRSIGs over DNSKEY RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-7921 and DNSKEY-7921/SEP verifies the DNSKEY RRset</li> <li>✔ Found 2 RRSIGs over NSEC RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-20751 and DNSKEY-20751 verifies the NSEC RRset</li> <li>✔ NSEC proves no records of type A exist for adsib.dnssec.bo</li> <li>✔ Found 2 RRSIGs over SOA RRset</li> <li>✔ RRSIG-20751 and DNSKEY-20751 verifies the SOA RRset</li> </ul>

Move your mouse over any ✘ or ⚠ symbols for remediation hints.



# Plan adjustments

- Training
  - Internal ADSIB DNSSEC (2018)
  - Other entities DNSSEC (2019)
  - Monitoring – new entities (2020 - ...)
- Experimental environment and operation
  - Internal test (2018)
  - Register dnssec.bo and test. (January 2019)
  - Test with users (July 2019 - ...)
- Documentation (October 2019)
  - Policy , Practice Statement and Procedures
- Deploy
  - Key generation and zone signing .BO
  - Publish DS record DNS ROOT
  - Receive DS records from registrants
- Evaluation and monitoring DNSSEC



# Conclusions

- Measure forces prior to planning and defining how the DNSSEC deployment will be carried out helps to involucrate more people.
- Training and peer support is vital to reduce deployment time.
- It is crucial to have the support of the executives so that the technical part can carry out the deployment.
- Documentation of all processes is required to reduce risks.
- Defining roles and responsibilities can help that the rollover keys be carried out properly.
- After the deployment, the work has just begun.



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