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# PREP WEEK

# **IDN Program Update**



ICANN70 Prep Week
11 March 2021

#### **Overview of Session Presentations**

- Internationalized Domain Name (IDN) Program Overview and Progress (Pitinan Kooarmornpatana)
- Community Updates
  - Greek Generation Panel (Panagiotis Papaspiliopoulos)
  - Korean Generation Panel (Kim Kyongsok)
  - Latin Generation Panel (Bill Jouris)
  - Myanmar Generation Panel (Yin May Oo)
- Question and Answer



# IDN Program Overview and Progress

Pitinan Kooarmornpatana Senior Manager, IDN Programs

ICANN70 Prep Week



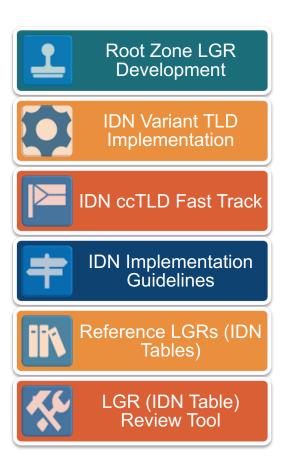
# **IDN Program Objectives**

Enable deployment of domain names in the **local languages and scripts** of global communities in a **secure and stable** manner.



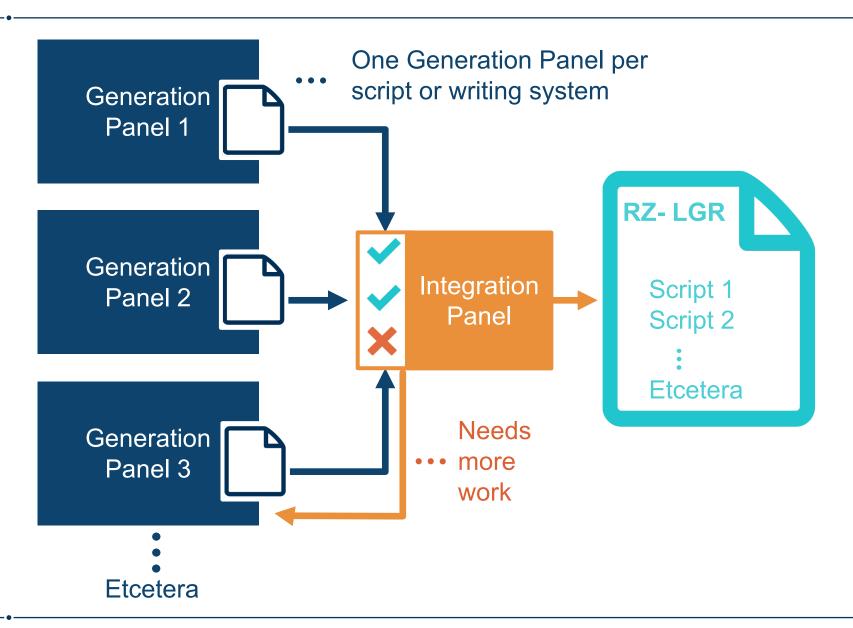
#### **Overview of IDN Programs**

- IDNs at the Top Level
  - Root Zone Label Generation Rules (RZ-LGR)
  - IDN Variant TLD Implementation
  - IDN ccTLD Fast Track Process
- IDNs at Second Level for gTLDs
  - IDN Implementation Guidelines
  - Reference LGRs (IDN Tables)
  - LGR (IDN Table) Review Tool



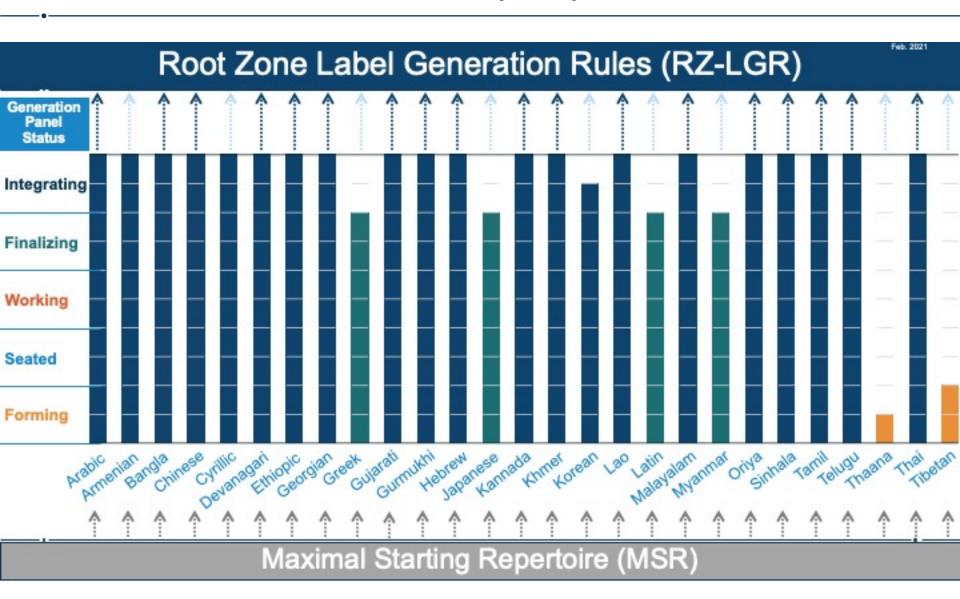


#### **RZ-LGR Process**





## **Status of Generation Panels (GPs)**





# **Understanding IDN Variant TLDs**

Security





## Which Scripts Have Variant Code Points?

Arabic

- Gurmukhi
- Malayalam
- Variant code points

  No variant code points

  Work in progress

- Armenian
- ⊙ Han

Myanmar

- ⊙ Bangla (Bengali)
- Hebrew
- ⊙ Oriya

- Cyrillic
- Kannada

**Japanese** 

⊙ Tamil

Sinhala

- Devanagari
- Khmer
- ⊙ Telugu

- Ethiopic
- Korean
- ⊙ Thaana

- Georgian
- ⊙ Lao

Tibetan

⊙ Greek

Latin

⊙ Thai

⊙ Gujarati

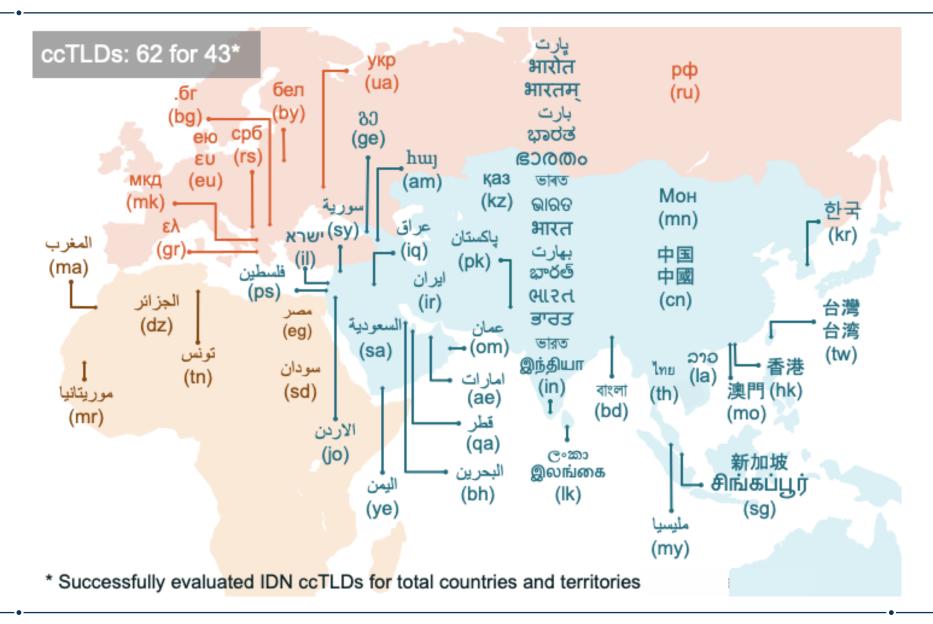


## Status of IDN Variant TLDs – Management Mechanism

- Solution: ICANN org to work with the community to develop a feasible management mechanism.
  - Recommendations developed by ICANN org and <u>finalized</u> on 25 January 2019 after Public Comment.
  - ICANN Board approved 8 March 2019:
    - "...the Board approves the Variant TLD Recommendations and requests that the ccNSO and GNSO take into account the Variant TLD Recommendations while developing their respective policies to define and manage the IDN variant TLDs for the current TLDs as well as for future TLD applications."
- IDN and variant management related policies are being developed by the ccNSO and GNSO.
  - o ccNSO: PDP (de-)selection of IDN ccTLD Strings Working Group
  - o GNSO:
    - Draft Final Report on the New gTLD Sub Pro Working Group
    - IDN EPDP Drafting Charter



## **IDN** Country Code Top-Level (ccTLD) Domains





#### **IDN** Implementation Guidelines

- IDN Guidelines developed to minimize the risk of cybersquatting and consumer confusion.
- IDN Guidelines apply to IDN registration policies at the second-level and practices under top-level domains (TLDs).
- Guidelines for the Implementation of IDNs Version 4.0 finalized by IDN Guidelines Working Group and <u>published</u> on 10 May 2018.
- On 30 April 2019, the GNSO made a request to the ICANN Board to allow it to study the guidelines before the implementation.
- The GNSO is organizing the Operational Track to review the IDN Guidelines.



#### Reference Second Level LGRs (IDN Tables)

- Reference IDN tables in LGR format in RFC 7940.
- Registry operators are encouraged to consult the reference IDN tables while they design their own IDN tables.
- Reference IDN tables are used as baselines for reviewing IDN tables to promote security and stability of IDNs.
- Currently, 42 reference IDN tables in LGR format are <u>published</u>:
  - Script-based: Bangla, Devanagari, Ethiopic, Georgian, Gujarati, Gurmukhi, Kannada, Khmer,
     Lao, Malayalam, Oriya, Tamil, Telugu.
  - Language-based: Arabic, Belarusian, Bosnian (Cyrillic), Bosnian (Latin), Bulgarian, Chinese,
     Danish, English, Finnish, French, German, Hindi, Hungarian, Icelandic, Italian, Korean,
     Latvian, Lithuanian, Macedonian, Montenegrin, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Russian,
     Serbian, Spanish, Swedish, Thai, Ukrainian.
- Additional reference IDN tables in LGR format are being published for <u>Public</u> <u>Comment</u> (closing 11 March 2021):
  - Script-based: Arabic, Hebrew, Sinhala
  - Language-based: Hebrew



#### LGR (IDN Table) Review Tool

- The aim of developing the IDN Table Review Tool is to:
  - Increase efficiency in reviewing the IDN tables.
  - Promote consistency of the reviews.
  - Promote transparency of the reviews.
- The tool will be available online for ICANN org and registry operators.
- It will take the IDN table as input in three formats:
  - RFC3743, RFC4290, RFC7940 (LGR)
- It compares an IDN table with the relevant reference LGR.
- It will provide the IDN table review report in HTML format as output.
- The tool is tentatively planned to be released in April 2021.



# **Community Updates**

- Greek Generation Panel
- Korean Generation Panel
- Latin Generation Panel
- Myanmar Generation Panel



# **Greek Generation Panel Update**

Panagiotis Papaspiliopoulos Chair, Greek GP

ICANN70 Prep Week



# **Agenda**

2 Overview of the **Generation Panel Progress Summary** Script and Language Membership 5 **Current Work** Plan and Next Steps



#### Overview of the Script and Language

- ISO 15924 Key No: 200
- Property Value Alias: Greek
- Native Name of the script: Ελληνικά
- Maximal Starting Repertoire (MSR) version: MSR-4
- The Greek script is used to write the Greek language, which is the official language of Greece and Cyprus



# **Generation Panel Membership**

Name	Role	Organization	Country	Field of Expertise
Panagiotis PAPASPILIOPOULOS	Chair	Hellenic Ministry of Digital Governance	Greece	Technical, Policy Development, GAC Rep
Vaggelis SEGREDAKIS	Vice Chair	Registry of [.gr] & [.ελ] domain names, FORTH-ICS	Greece	Technical (DNS) ccNSO Rep
Konstantinos VALASIS	Member	Hellenic Ministry of Foreign Affairs	Greece	Policy Development
Ioannis KATSARAS	Member	Hellenic Ministry of Foreign Affairs	Greece	Policy Development
Asimina GIANNOPOULOU	Member	Hellenic Telecommunications and Post Commission	Greece	Technical, Regulatory
Giorgos KOLYVAS	Member	Hellenic Telecommunications and Post  Commission	Greece	Technical, Regulatory
Michael VASSILAKIS	Member	Registry of [.gr] & [.ελ] domain names, FORTH- ICS	Greece	Technical, ccNSO Rep
Antonis ANTONIADES	Member	Office of Electronic Communications and Postal Regulations	Cyprus	Technical, Policy Development, Regulatory
Constantinos STYLIANOU	Member	Office of Electronic Communications and Postal Regulations	Cyprus	Technical, Policy Development, Regulatory
Alexandros PSYRRIS	Member	Hellenic Body for Standardization	Greece	Technical (Unicode)
Maria GAVRIILIDOU	Member	Institute for Language and Speech Processing / Research Centre "Athena"	Greece	Linguistics
Penny LABROPOULOU	Member	Institute for Language and Speech Processing / Research Centre "Athena"	Greece	Linguistics



#### **Progress Summary**

- Greek GP was formed 31 October 2016
- Geek GP has developed the LGR proposal 2017 2018
- Joined Latin GP F2F meeting to discuss cross script variant Jan 2019
- Joint meeting with Latin, Cyrillic, Armenian, Greek GP at ICANN66 November 2019
- Joined Latin GP F2F meeting to discuss imposed in-script variant –
   Feb 2020

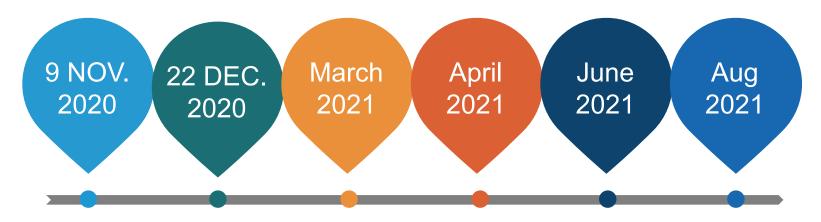


#### **Current Work**

- Finalizing Greek LGR proposal for the Root Zone
  - Applying mechanism to limit the allocatable variant labels to two (applied-for label, and the base form). Except that if the labels also contain sigma, the maximal number of allocatable variants per original label is four.
  - Updating the proposal (XML), supporting document, and test labels.



# **Plan and Next Steps**



Submit the second draft proposal to the IP

IP Feedback Received Edit the proposal as per the IP Feedback

Submit the updated version of proposal to the IP

Publish for public comment

Finalize the Greek RZ-LGR



# **Korean Generation Panel Update**

Kim Kyongsok Chair, Korean GP

ICANN70 Prep Week



# **Agenda**

2 Overview of the **Generation Panel Progress Summary** Script and Language Membership 5 **Current Work** Plan and Next Steps



#### **Overview of the Script and Language**

- K-LGR covers Korean script (= Hangul + Hanja).
- ⊙ "Korean script" usually means "Hangeul" or "Hangul". However, in the context of the Korean LGR (K-LGR), Korean script is a union of Hangul (한글) and Hanja (한자).
- Korean language has a long history spanning more than 2000 years.
- Hangul was invented in 1443 (about 600 years ago).
- Hanja was used before Hangul was invented. Hanja is still used in Republic of Korea.
- Korean language is mainly used in Republic of Korea (South Korea) and Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North Korea).
  - Also used by Korean people living in China, USA, Japan, Europe, Brazil, Russia, Vietnam, and so on.



# Korean Generation Panel (KGP) Membership

- Technical Experts: Kyongsok KIM (Chair), Dongman LEE
- Linguists: Jeongdo CHOI (Hangul), Sanghyun SHIN (Hanja),
   Sungduk CHO (Hanja)
- Policymakers: Youngeum LEE, Youn Jung PARK
- Community: Eungjun JEON, Boknam YUN, Byeongil OH, Kyuhong BYUN
- Registry: Jungsup PARK, Minjung PARK, Boyoung KIM
- Registrar: Geonwoo KIM, ChangKi JANG, Myungsoo LEE



# Progress Summary (1): K-LGR v2.3 (2021.02.01.)

- K-LGR v2.1 (2021.02.01.): repertoire and variant groups
  - Hangul: repertoire 11172 syllables, no variant groups
  - Hanja: repertoire 4758 characters, 37 variant groups,
     283 variant groups expanded
  - Variant groups composed of Hangul syllables and Hanja chars: 7
     (3 Hanja chars: out-of-repertoire variant)
  - Total # Variant groups = 283 + 7 1 (duplicate\*) = 289\* variant group: [(U+5408 合) (U+95A4 閣) (U+C2B4 合)]
- 4758 Hanja chars in K-LGR v2.3 (the same as in v1.0)

Source of Hanja Character Set	# chars
1) KS X 1001 (268 comptb. chars excluded)	4620
2) IICORE - K column marked	4744
K-LGR v1.0 (2017.12.10.): Hanja List (Union of 1) and 2))	4758

#### Progress Summary (2): Public Comment for K-LGR v1.0 (Jan, 2018)

(January – March 2018)

- A summary of public comments made:
  - Including Hanja in K-LGR repertoire: positive.
  - Allowing Hangul-Hanja mixed label: several negative comments, some positive comments.
  - Hangul-Hanja variant group: CJK agreement needed.
  - Specific details need be corrected or modified.
- Examples of issues raised by Mr. Kyuhong BYUN:
  - References; quotes; etc.
  - Many Hanja chars allowed for personal names not included in K-LGR.
  - Hangul Jamo not included in K-LGR (actually not in MSR-3).
  - More Hangul-Hanja variant groups need be included.



#### Progress Summary (3): Public Comment for K-LGR v1.0 (Jan. 2018)

Reviewed (April 2018 – August 2019)

- Requests by Mr. BYUN for specific details.
  - Reviewed and discussed.
  - Mostly accepted in principle and reflected in K-LGR v2.1.
- Hangul-only labels, Hanja-only labels, Hangul-Hanja mixed labels.
  - KGP reconfirmed that there was a general consensus to allow Hangul-only labels and Hanja-only labels.
  - However, KGP decided not to allow Hangul-Hanja mixed labels.



#### Progress Summary (4): K-LGR v2.0, v2.1, v2.2, and v2.3

- K-LGR v2.0 (2020.05.01.) sent to IP
  - Public comments RE: K-LGR v1.0 mostly reflected in K-LGR v2.0.
- K-LGR v2.1 (2020.09.01.) sent to IP
  - IP feedback RE: K-LGR v2.0 mostly reflected in K-LGR v2.1.
- K-LGR v2.2 (2020.12.25.) sent to IP
  - IP feedback RE: K-LGR v2.1 mostly reflected in K-LGR v2.2.
- K-LGR v2.3 (2021.02.01.) sent to IP
  - IP feedback RE: K-LGR v2.2 mostly reflected in K-LGR v2.3.



#### **Current Work**

- Waiting for the IP feedback RE: K-LGR v2.3
- K-LGR v2.3 is posting for the second round of Public Comment on 2 March 2021.



# **Brief History of KGP Activities**

- Dec. 2013: Korean GP (KGP) organized.
- May. 2015: K-LGR v0.1
- Feb. 2016: The Korean community "formally" forms Generation
   Panel for Developing the Root Zone Label Generation Rules (LGR).
- Dec. 2017: K-LGR v1.0
- January March 2018: Public Comment for K-LGR v1.0
- March 2018 August 2019: Public Comment for K-LGR v1.0 reviewed for possible reflection in the next version of K-LGR.
- 39 KGP meetings
- Several CJK coordination meetings during ICANN Public Meetings (ICANN #49 ~ #64).
- Several CJK coordination meetings in Rep. of Korea, China, and Taiwan.



# **Plan and Next Steps**



Public Comment: K-LGR v1.0 Public Comment: Closing Date Public
Comment:
Summary
Report
Due Date

K-LGR v2.3 Second sent to IP Round of Public Comment: K-LGR v2.3

K-LGR will be integrated into a subsequent version of the RZ-LGR



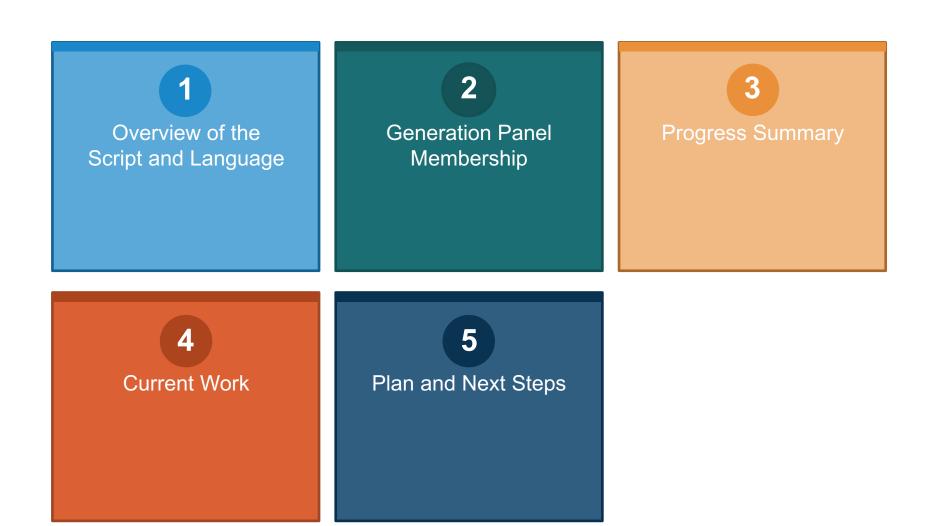
# **Latin Generation Panel Update**

Mirjana Tasić, Bill Jouris Chair and Member, Latin GP

ICANN70 Prep Week

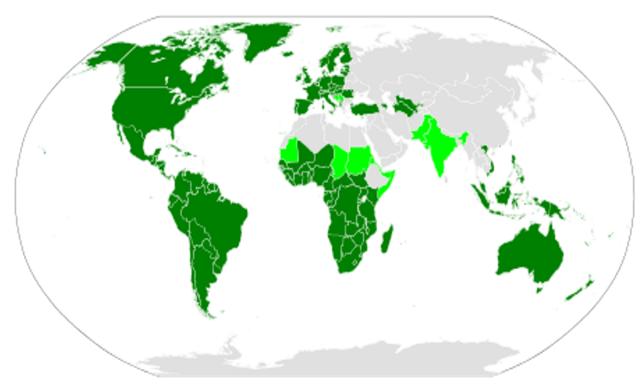


# **Agenda**





#### Overview of the Script and Language



**Dark green** = Latin script is the sole main script.

**Light green** = Latin co-exists with other scripts.

**Grey** = Latin-script alphabets are sometimes used extensively due to the use of unofficial second languages, such as French in Algeria and English in Egypt, and to Latin transliteration of the official script, such as in China or in Japan.

A quick calculation shows that about 2.6 billion people (36% of the world population) use the Latin alphabet according to <a href="https://www.worldstandards.eu/other/alphabets">https://www.worldstandards.eu/other/alphabets</a>.



# **Generation Panel Membership**

Since 2016, the Generation Panel has seven members who are engaged all the time:

- Bill Jouris
- Dennis Tan Tanaka
- Hazem Hezzah
- Mats Dufberg
- Meikal Mumin
- Michael Bauland
- Mirjana Tasić, chair of Latin GP from the year 2016



# **Progress Summary**

- Developing repertoire took aproximately two years of work.
  - 181 of 181 EGIDS 1- 4 languages processed.
  - 31 EGIDS 5 languages processed with more than one million speakers.
  - 197 of 279 MSR-2 code points attested.
  - 3 non-MSR-2 code points are included in MSR-3.
  - 3 non-MSR-3 code points are included in MSR-4.
  - 22 Code Point Sequences identified.
- Developing variants took approximately three years of work.
  - In-script variants finalized.
  - Cross-script variants with Armenian script defined.
  - Cross-script variants with Cyrillic script defined.
  - Cross-script variants with Greek script defined.
  - Special HTML Link (underlining) analysis completed.
  - IDNA2003 compatibility analysis completed.
  - Generic glyphs analysis completed.



# **Progress Summary**

- Submitted the second version of proposal to the IP in May 2018.
- Submitted the third version of proposal to the IP in January 2019.
- Submitted the fourth version of proposal to the IP in October 2019.
- Submitted the fifth version of proposal to the IP on 23 October 2020.
- IP comments received on 23 December 2020.

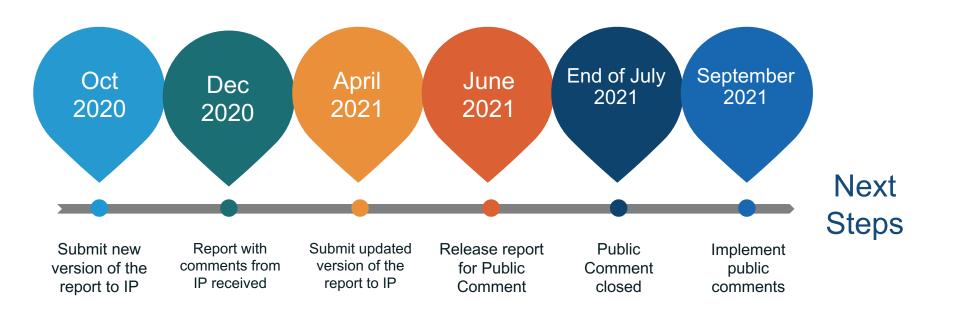


#### **Current Work**

- GP is now working on IP comments.
- Production of test data set.
  - Test data for repertoire completed.
  - Test data for variants in progress.
- XML production and check.
- Submit new version of report to IP in April 2021.



## **Plan and Next Steps**



#### **To Summarize**

Although it's not easy to make an exact plan to finish all the Latin GP tasks, it's possible that the Latin GP will finalize its work by the end of September 2021.



# [Myanmar Generation Panel] Update at ICANN70

Yin May Oo Myanmar GP Co-Chair



# **Agenda**





# Myanmar GP - Languages Using Myanmar Script

Myanmar script have been evolved from the Brahmi script which has flourished in the Indian subcontinent between 5th Century B.C and 3rd Century A.D.

#### • Languages covered by the LGR:

Language	ISO 639-3 Code(s)	Countries	Local Name of the Script	EGIDS Scale	Total Users in All Countries
			မြန်မာ		
Burmese	[mya]	Myanmar	/mja-ma/	1	42,906,490
		Myanmar, China,	လိၵ်ႈတီး		
Shan	[shn]	Thailand	/līk.táy/	3	3,295,000
			ရခိုင်		
Rakhine	[rki]	Myanmar	/rə.khi/	3	2,020,000
		Myanmar,	စ္ခ်ိဳၤ		
Karen, Sgaw	[ksw]	Thailand	\fcys\	3	1,560,000
		Myanmar,	မန်		
Mon	[mnw]	Thailand	/mun/	5	851,000
			ပအိုဝ်ႏ		
Pa'O Karen	[blk]	Myanmar	/pə.ʔəʊ/	5	560,740



# **Background of Myanmar-Script Languages**

The word "Hello" written in listed languages:

Burmese: /mɪŋ-gə-la-ba/ "မင်္ဂလာပါ"

Shan: /mɪ-suŋ-kha̯/ "မၟ်,သုင်ၶႃ;"

Rakhine: /θa-li-zwa̞-ba/ "သာလီစ္ပပါ"

Sgaw Karen: /niː-le̞ə-ə-ɣeː/ "ຊໍາလາສດຸາ"

Mon: /mŋeə-rə-au/ "မ္ငိုရအ်"

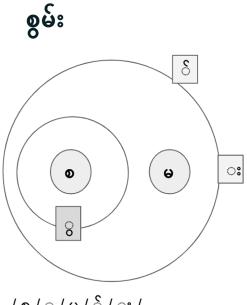
Pa'O Karen: /mɪŋ-gə-la̞-dra̞-ɔː ] "မင်္ဂလာႏဒျာႏြည"

- 1. Consonant
- 2. Independent Vowel
- 3. Diacritic
  - 1. Dependent Vowel
  - 2. Medial Signs
  - 3. Tone marks
  - 4. Various signs



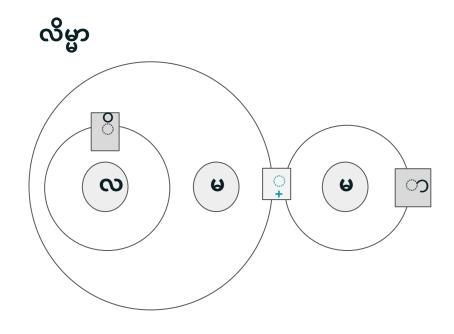


# **Nature of Myanmar Script (LTR)**



/စ/ွ/မ/်/း/

/ U+1005 / U+103D / U+1019 / U+103A / U+1038 /



/ U+101C / U+102D / U+1019 / U+1039 / U+1019 / U+102C /

## **In-Script Variant Analysis**

 Myanmar GP defines the following are in-script variant code points due to the nearly identical glyph or the character's property of languages

	Unicode Code					
Set#	Point	Glyph	<b>Unicode Code Point</b>	Glyph	Disposition	Detail
	U+1023		U+1000 U+1039 U+1000			
1	MYANMAR LETTER I	33	SV1	က္က	blocked	Homoglyph
		_	U+1015 U+102C U+103A			
2	U+101F U+103A	ဟ်	also (U+1015 ST1)	ဟ်	Block	Homoglyph
3	U+1061	ရ	U+101B U+103E	ရှ	Block	Homoglyph
						Becomes
						homoglyph when
4	U+1004	С	U+105A	Ç	Allocatable	diacritics added
				•		Semantic,
5	U+1008	စုု	U+105B	ၛ	Allocatable	Homoglyph
		•		•		Homoglyph (for
						most of the
6	U+1001	9	U+1076	ව	Allocatable	fonts)
7	U+102E	్డి	U+1033	<u></u>	Allocatable	Semantic
8	U+102B	ી	U+102C	ာ	Allocatable	Semantic



**Cross-Script Variant Analysis** 

		oo oonipt va	ilant Analysis		
-•	No.	Glyph	Code Point	Character Name	
	1	0	U+10D8	GEORGIAN LETTER IN	
	2	О	U+1002	MYANMAR LETTER GA	
	3	တ	U+10D7	GEORGIAN LETTER TAN	
	4	8	U+1010	MYANMAR LETTER TA	
	5	6 <b></b>	U+0B47	ORIYA VOWEL SIGN E	
	6	ေ	U+1031	MYANMAR VOWEL SIGN E	
	7	0	U+0B20	ORIYA LETTER TTHA	
	8	0	U+0D20	MALAYALAM LETTER TTHA	
	9	0	U+006F	LATIN SMALL LETTER O	
				GREEK SMALL LETTER	
	10	0	U+03BF	OMICRON	
<b>-•</b>	_11_	0	U+043E	CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER O	-
(CA	∂ ≅12	0	U+0585	ARMENIAN SMALL LETTER OH	49

49

#### **Whole Label Evaluation Rules**

#### **Classifications** - 19

Rules - 14

Ad	Addition according to In-script variants -					
Set#	<b>Unicode Code Point</b>	Glyph	Unicode Code Point	Glyph	Disposition	Detail
						Becomes
						homoglyph
						when
						diacritics
4	U+1004	С	U+105A	Ç	Allocatable	added
						Semantic,
5	U+1008	ဈ	U+105B	ၛ	Allocatable	Homoglyph
						almost
						Homoglyph
						(for most of
6	U+1001	9	U+1076	ව	Allocatable	the fonts)
7	U+102E	ి	U+1033	<u> </u>	Allocatable	Semantic

**'**50

## **Timeline and Next Step**



Form Submit Submit Public Submit Respo Submit Releas Develop the code the worksh the nd to the the the IP points Third Myan first Secon op in Forth repertoir draft d draft draft feedba draft Yango mar GP LGR LGR LGR **LGR** ck e, n variant proposal propos proposal propos to IP rules to al to al IP the IP and to WLE the IP

Finaliz e the **LGR** 

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rules

# **Engage with ICANN and IDN Program**



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