

1.2 DNSSEC Vision

June 12 – DNSSEC & Security Workshop

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Where are we?

- DNSSEC has been around forever
 - Penetration “pretty good” – both deployment and resolution
 - Scales well
 - Largely solves problems that spurred adoption (cache poisoning, spoofing)
 - I can “trust” DNSSEC signed DNS replies/entities to be what they “should be”
 - Ubiquitous and well-tested – operationally solid
- Friction to “finishing the job”
 - Lots of effort in many forums (ICANN, IETF, DNS Operators, RRs/Rys, ISPs)
 - So what’s the payoff and why do more?
 - Are the “problems” solved worth the operational risks?
 - Some thorny operational issues
- Killer app to overcome inertia?

What's this vision thing you speak of?

- DNSSEC is a unique solution for many challenges
 - Disparate trust systems need to interoperate
 - No one can create a “new” system everyone else uses, trusts, deploys
 - Scaling things to the whole Internet is really hard
 - People want to “do their own thing” but still work everywhere with others
- DNSSEC checks the boxes
 - Standards based, baked-into the base infrastructure
 - Ubiquitous/available to all networks
 - Uniquely trusted governance/acceptance
 - Proven scalability/operational experience

DNSSEC Can Be...

- The Universal Trust Anchor
- Substrata for Internet-wide interoperable trust
- Foundation for services of all types
- New products/services for existing & new players
- A way for individual entities to control their trust relationships

People have been & are working on stuff

- DANE – Named entity authentication
 - Verifiable information for multi-factor verification
 - Defining CAs/TLS for domains
 - Basis for other work
- Interoperable, Scalable Encrypted Email
- IoT and client authentication (DANCE)
- Object Security
- Connections for digital trust regimes

We're not quite there yet...

- Today's workshop is about a particular issue in providing DNSSEC scalability
- Other issues still exist to address
- Fundamental strata infrastructure requires fully solid base
 - Risky to build “big things” or \$\$\$ services on infrastructure with holes

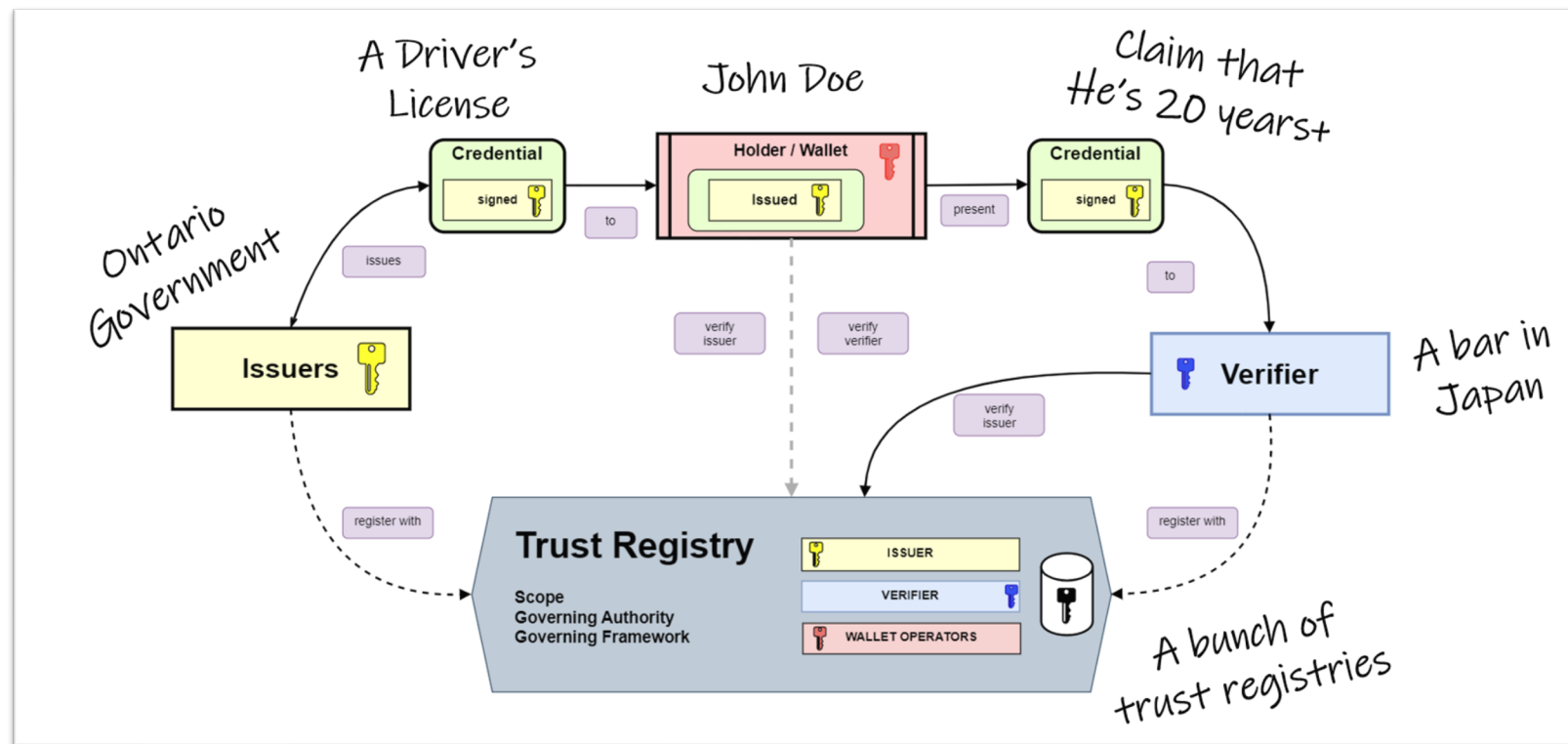
Examples of Cool Stuff

Jacques' DNSSEC Vision Slides

“Digital Trust and DNSSEC go hand in hand”

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DNS enables global Digital Trust interoperability
DNSSEC ensure authenticity of ecosystems



Digital Trust is all about verifying
< Authenticity, accuracy and authority >
DNSSEC enables authenticity in DNS transactions

When an entity is presented with a verifiable claim,
there are three things they will want to ensure:

- ✓ 1 **That a claim hasn't been altered/falsified at any point in time**
(Cryptographic proof verifiability, TLSA records)
- ✓ 2 **That a claim has accurate representation**
(Authentication, DID Discovery/mapping within DNS)
- ✓ 3 **That a claim has authority**
(Authorization, Trust Registries/trust lists, TLSA records)

The change from Opportunistic to Deterministic Protocol communications

The DNS-Based Authentication of Named Entities (DANE)
Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol: TLSA

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DOING MORE ->

The DANE Authentication for Network Clients Everywhere (DANCE)
WG seeks to extend DANE ([RFC 6698](https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6698)) to encompass TLS client authentication using certificates or Raw Public Keys (RPK).

Example: Use case for DANE/SMTP in Germany

IT WORKS ->

<https://stats.dnssec-tools.org/>

