ICANN Durban meeting July 2013



New gTLD Financials - Update



Agenda



Revenue & Expense Policy



New gTLD Total Program Budget Update



Public Comments



Accounting principles



- Require that revenues and related expenses are recognized simultaneously, to the extent possible.
- For the New gTLD program, this occurs based on the progress of the evaluation process.
- Evaluation process costs are the selected measurement of the progress of the new gTLD program.
- This policy has been validated by 3 different accounting firms.



Expenses, Revenue and Historical Costs



Treatment of Expenses

- > are recognized as incurred,
- regardless of when services are billed and/or paid.

Treatment of Revenue

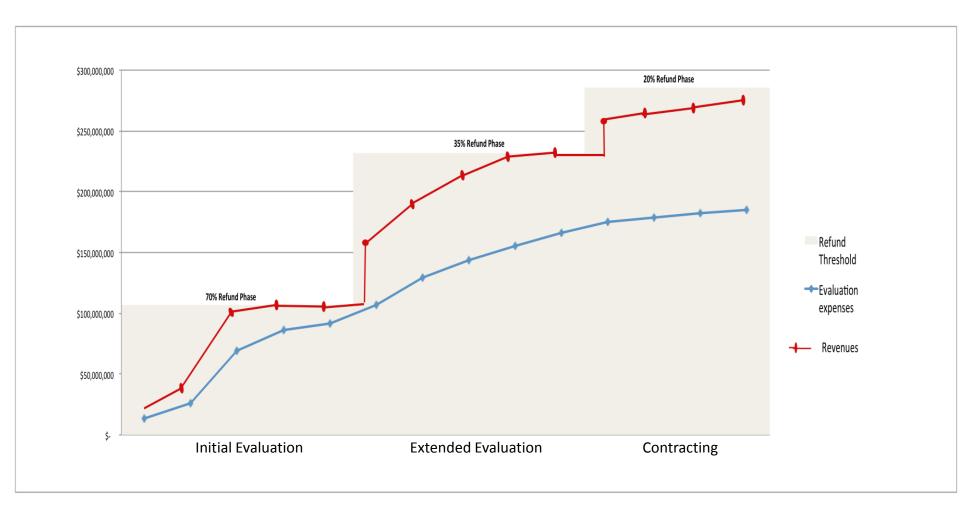
- are recognized proportionally to evaluation processing costs.
- ➤ limited to the non refundable portion of application fees

Historical costs

> are recognized proportionally to evaluation processing costs.



Revenue recognition constraint





New gTLD Program – Financial Summary

In \$k

Total Application Fees Less: Total Refunds

Net Application Fees

Expenses

Evaluation Costs Overheads

Total Operating Expenses

Historical Development Costs

Total Expenses

Remaining Balance

FULL PROGRAM BUDGET						
Revised Budget (June 2013)		Published Budget (April 2013)		Variance Current vs. Prior Fav/ (Unfav)		
\$	363,342 (52,025)	\$	364,872 (49,934)	\$	(1,530) (2,091)	
\$	311,317	\$	314,938	\$	(3,621)	
\$	130,458 41,371	\$	133,393 31,386	\$	2,936 (9,984)	
\$	171,829	\$	164,780	\$	(7,049)	
	32,454 204,283	<u> </u>	32,454 197,234		(0)	
\$	204,283	Þ	197,234	Þ	(7,049)	
\$	107,035	\$	117,704	\$	(10,670)	

Revised Budget (June 2013)		Published Budget (April 2013)		Variance Current vs. Prior Fav/ (Unfav)	
\$	107,035	\$	117,704	\$	(10,670)
	110,040		115,800		(5,760)
\$	(3,005)	\$	1,904	\$	(4,910)

Remaining Balance
Risk Reserve *
Net Remaining Balance



New gTLD Program – Operating Expenses

1930 Applications	Current Estimate Full Program (June 2013)	Prior Estimate Full Program (April 2013)	Variance Current vs. Prior Fav/(Unfav)	
Operating Expenses				
Direct Costs				
Initial Evaluation	70,417	70,226	191	
Extended Evaluation	6,800	6,800	-	
Quality Control	9,851	9,821	30	
String Contentions	2,426	2,426	(1)	
Objection processes	7,690	10,741	(3,051)	
Pre-delegation	24,216	24,303	(87)	
Program Administration	9,058	9,077	(19)	
Indirect/Overhead				
gTLD Team	12,415	10,078	2,337	
ICANN Staff Allocation	22,769	14,601	8,168	
Other Overhead	6,187	6,707	(520)	
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 171,829	\$ 164,780	\$ 7,049	



New gTLD Program – Multi-Year View

	Current Estimate Full Program (June 2013)						
1930 Applications	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	Total		
	Actual	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Total		
New gTLD Applicant Fees					359,554		
ICANN Applicant Support Contributions					138		
Auction Proceeds					150		
Additional Application Fees					3,650		
Refunds					(52,025)		
Net Application Fees	\$ -	\$ 162,507	\$ 112,105	\$ 36,705	<u> </u>		
	\$ -	\$ 162,507	\$ 112,105	\$ 30,703	\$ 311,317		
Operating Expenses Direct Costs							
	2 172	F8 400	0.045		70 417		
Initial Evaluation	3,172	58,400	8,845	1 700	70,417		
Extended Evaluation	-	-	5,100	1,700	6,800		
Quality Control	-	4,344	5,508	4 206	9,851		
String Contentions	-	4.500	1,040	1,386	2,426		
Objection Processes	39	4,586	3,065	-	7,690		
Pre-delegation	-	4,902	16,272	3,041	24,216		
Program Administration	450	2,438	3,550	2,620	9,058		
Indirect/Overhead		4 ===		0.54			
gTLD Team	689	1,737	6,428	3,561	12,415		
ICANN Staff Allocation	1,137	5,725	9,889	6,018	22,769		
Other Overhead	107	1,968	2,179	1,933	6,187		
Historical Development Costs	-	16,941	11,687	3,826	32,454		
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 5,594	\$ 101,042	\$ 73,562	\$ 24,085	\$ 204,283		
Not Romaining Palanco	¢ (F.F04)	\$ 61,466	\$ 38,543	\$ 12,620	\$ 107,035		
Net Remaining Balance	\$ (5,594)	\$ 61,466	\$ 38,543	\$ 12,620	\$ 107,035		
Investment Income		91	845	500	1,436		
Investment Management Fees		(138)	(376)	(222)	(735)		
investment ividinagement i ees		(136)	(370)	(222)	(755)		



New gTLD - Risks

1. History

As per published paper "costs considerations-04Oct09-en.pdf"

- + Defined as: "Set of costs that are most uncertain and harder to predict", including:
 - Inaccuracy of evaluation cost estimates
 - Additional evaluation tasks/phases vs plan
 - Incomplete estimates of support costs
 - Possible defense costs against unanticipated events.
- + Evaluated early 2009 at \$30m with help from Willis, through interviews/workshops leading to identify potential risks and assign ranges of probable costs.
- + Based on 500 applications, risks costs represented \$60k/app.



New gTLD - Risks

2. Present

- + Multiyear forecast for the program assumes \$60k/application
- + At 1923 applications, initial risk estimated funds available are \$115.3m (less refunded portion)
- + Latest estimate of applied spend (From Jan 2012 to Jun 2013): \$1.1m.
 - TAS glitch
 - Legal analyses and litigation work.
 - Currently excludes any excess of evaluation costs versus original projections.



Public Comments

Historical Development Costs

- I. Is the plan still to transfer the recovered historical new gTLD costs into the Reserve Account?
- II. If so, when will the historical costs estimated for FY14 be deposited into the Reserve Account?
- III. Is there an estimate as to when the Reserve Fund will reach the Board's targeted amount?

Answer:

The allocation to the Reserve Fund is usually done on an annual basis. It is expected that the payment of Historical Development Costs back to ICANN will ultimately result in an increase of the Reserve fund. The Board has requested Staff work on developing a target amount. This work is currently ongoing. The allocation to the reserve fund is determined on annually based on excesses of the Operating fund and expected needs.

Allocation

I. Slide 43 shows that the staff allocation cost doubled in the full program current estimation compared to the prior estimation of June 2012. What is the reason for the increase?

Answer:

The staff allocation increase versus the June 2012 estimate is resulting from the detailed knowledge of the requirements to operate and manage the program. Such knowledge and understanding did not exist prior to the evaluation work being performed and was under evaluated then.

The compression of the initial evaluation over 14 months (no batches) also increased costs.



Questions?



Thank You