Registration Data Directory Service (RDDS)

Roadmap of RDDS Related Activities

September 2020
About This Document

This document provides a roadmap for various RDDS-related activities. ICANN org will publish an update twice a year on whois.icann.org.

The roadmap and updates are provided to inform discussions and to provide visibility into RDDS-related work by the community and ICANN org.

The roadmap and updates are provided as per the Board-approved Action Plan for the WHOIS Policy Review Team Final Report.
## Activities in Advance of or in Board Consideration

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<tr>
<th>EPDP Ph.2</th>
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<td><strong>GAC ADVICE</strong></td>
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2019

- EPDP: Phase 2 of the Temp Spec Expedited Policy Development Process
- GAC Advice: Governmental Advisory Committee Advice
### Community and Org Implementation Following Board Action

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<th>ICANN66</th>
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<td><strong>EPDP Ph.1 Reg Data Policy</strong></td>
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<td><strong>T/T</strong></td>
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<td><strong>P/P</strong></td>
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#### Key Points:
- **Implementation On-Hold**
- **Implementation Deferred by GNSO Council**
- **Implementation Paused**

#### 时间线:
- **2019**
- **2020**

#### 注释：
- **RDS-WHOIS2 Review**: Registration Directory Service Review
- **EPDP Ph.1 Reg Data Policy**: Registration Data Policy for gTLDs
- **T/T**: Translation and Transliteration of Contact Information
- **P/P**: Privacy/Proxy Service Provider Accreditation
- **WHOIS Conflict**: ICANN Procedures for Handling WHOIS Conflicts with Privacy Laws
- **AFAV**: Across-Field Address Validation
- **ARS**: gTLD Registration Data Accuracy Reporting System
Contracted Parties Implementation

**THICK WHOIS**

Contractual Compliance is deferred

**RDAP**

RDAP Implementation Deadline

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2019

2020

**Thick WHOIS**: Transition from Thin to Thick WHOIS Policy for .COM, .NET, .JOBS

**RDAP**: Registration Data Access Protocol
Appendix

Background Overview
Expedited PDP on the Temporary Specification for gTLD Registration Data

- On 19 July 2018, the GNSO approved the initiation of an expedited PDP on the Temporary Specification. The scope of the EPDP Team’s efforts includes confirming, or not, the Temporary Specification. Additionally, the scope includes discussion of a standardized access model to nonpublic registration data; however, the discussion of a standardized access model will occur only after the EPDP Team has comprehensively answered a series of “gating questions”, which have been specified in the EPDP Team’s Charter.


- The Summary and Analysis report for the EPDP Phase 1 public comment was published on 23 April 2019 and The Board adopted the recommendations, with some exceptions, on 17 May 2019.

- The EPDP Phase 2 team completed its report and submitted it to the GNSO Council on 31 July 2020. The report contains 19 recommendations related to the System for Standardized/Access Disclosure; three recommendations related to issues that remained from the EPDP Phase 1 discussions – Display of information of affiliated privacy/proxy providers, city field, and data retention; and two conclusions related to OCTO (Office of the Chief Technology Officer) Purpose and Accuracy and WHOIS Accuracy Reporting System.

Relevant Dates
- 19 July 2018 – EPDP Initiation and Charter Adopted by GNSO
- 21 November 2018 – Initial Report Published
- 20 February 2019 – Final Report Published
- 4 March 2019 – Final Report Adopted by GNSO
- 15 March 2019 – Board adopts 27 recommendations
- 2 May 2019 – EPDP Phase 2 Commenced
- 7 February 2020 – Phase 2 Initial Report Published
- 26 March 2020 – Addendum to Initial Report Published
- 31 July 2020 – Phase 2 Final Report submitted to GNSO Council

GAC Communiqué

ICANN66 Annual General Meeting Montréal

- On 06 November 2019, the GAC provided advice to the ICANN Board in its Montréal Communiqué concerning Domain Name Registration Directory Service and Data Protection, .AMAZON, and the CCT Review and Subsequent Procedures of the New gTLDs.

- On 26 January 2020, the ICANN Board adopted the scorecard titled "GAC Advice – Montréal Communiqué: Actions and Updates (26 January 2020)" in response to items of GAC advice in the Montreal Communiqué.

ICANN67 Virtual Annual General Forum

- The ICANN67 Virtual Community Forum Communiqué published on 16 March 2020, did not contain Consensus GAC Advice, but the GAC did include in its Communiqué “Issues of Importance” concerning the Acquisition of PIR (.org), the New gTLDs Subsequent Procedures, and Domain Name Registration Directory Service and Data Protection.

- The Board-GAC Interactions (BGIG) met with the GAC leadership on 8 June 2020 to discuss the communique and the “Issues of Importance.”

ICANN68 Virtual Policy Forum

- The ICANN68 Virtual Policy Forum Communiqué published on 27 June 2020, did not contain Consensus GAC Advice, but the GAC did include in its Communiqué “Issues of Importance” concerning Subsequent Procedures of the New gTLDs, EPDP on gTLD Registration Data, DNS Abuse, IGO protections, and CCWG-Accountability Work Stream 2 Implementation.

- The Board-GAC Interactions (BGIG) plans to meet with the GAC leadership on in August 2020 to discuss the Communique and the “Issues of Importance.”
Per the ICANN Bylaws, the Board shall cause a periodic review (no less frequently than every five years) to assess the effectiveness of the then-current gTLD RDS and whether its implementation meets the legitimate needs of law enforcement, promoting consumer trust and safeguarding registrant data.

The first RDS Review delivered its Final Report and Recommendations to the ICANN Board in May 2012.

The second RDS Review Team began its work in June 2017 and published its Draft Report on 4 September 2018.

The RDS Review Team published its Final Report containing 22 full consensus recommendations on 03 September 2019.

On 25 February 2020, The Board took action on each of the 22 recommendations issued within the RDS-WHOIS2-RT Final Report, as specified within the scorecard titled “Final RDS-WHOIS2 Recommendations – Board Action 25 February 2020”.

Information on the RDS/WHOIS 2 review is available at https://www.icann.org/resources/reviews/specific-reviews/whois.
ICANN org and the implementation review team (IRT) began working on the implementation of the Registration Data Policy on 29 May 2019.

On 17 May 2019, ICANN org published the Interim Registration Data Policy for gTLDs, pursuant to the Board’s May 15, 2019 resolution. The Interim policy, effective as of 20 May 2019 requires contracted parties to continue to implement measures that are consistent with the Temporary Specification for gTLD Registration Data on an interim basis, pending the implementation of the Registration Data Policy.

The EPDP Team recommended that the final effective date for the Registration Data Policy for gTLDs be 29 February 2020. However given the complexity of the implementation and the possibility of additional input on the recommendations from data protection authorities or other sources there is a possibility that this date may not be met.

ICANN org and the IRT (collectively, the implementation team) have continued to work on drafting the Registration Data Policy language, as well as evaluating the implementation timeline in preparation for public comment.

Information about The Registration Data Policy for gTLDs is available at https://community.icann.org/display/RDPIRT/Registration+Data+Policy+Implementation.
Translation and Transliteration of Contact Information

- On 13 June 2013, the GNSO initiated a PDP on the Translation and Transliteration of Contact Information. The PDP Working Group delivered its final report on 12 June 2015.

- The Board adopted the PDP Working Group Recommendations on 28 September 2015.

- Since commencing implementation work in July 2016, the IRT and GDD have produced a preliminary policy document.

- Due to complexities emerging from the Implementation Review Team’s (IRT’s) discussions and work in other areas related to Registration Data Directory Services (RDDS)—in particular the Temporary Specification for gTLD Registration Data Expedited Policy Development Process (EPDP)—the implementation’s projected announcement and effective dates are to be determined.

- Given the T/T implementation’s relationship to the evolution of registration data policies and procedures, the T/T Recommendations are being assessed in accordance to Recommendation 27 of the Phase 1 Team of the Temporary Specification for gTLD Registration Data Expedited Policy Development Process (EPDP) to ensure policy and implementation consistency across the many work streams in this area.

Information on Translation and Transliteration of Contact Information is available at https://gnso.icann.org/en/group-activities/active/transliteration-contact.
Privacy/Proxy Service Provider Accreditation

- The 2013 Registrar Accreditation Agreement (RAA) contemplates the development and implementation of a privacy and proxy service accreditation by ICANN.

- The Board adopted the GNSO Council-approved Privacy and Proxy Service Provider Accreditation policy recommendations on 9 August 2016.

- On 18 October 2016, an Implementation Review Team (IRT) was convened to pursue an expedited timeline in light of the upcoming expiration of the 2013 RAA’s interim specification on privacy and proxy registrations (in June 2019).

- In light of the many issues surrounding the European Union General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and ongoing efforts of the Expedited Policy Development Process on the Temporary Specification for gTLD Registration Data (EPDP), and as there are important and overlapping issues to Privacy & Proxy Service Accreditation being analyzed within the context of the EPDP, ICANN org placed the Privacy & Proxy Services Accreditation Issues (PPSAI) implementation work on hold, pending the implementation of the forthcoming EPDP Phase 2 recommendations.

  - EPDP Phase 1 policy development and the current implementation of EPDP Phase 1 recommendations are critical to the implementation of a comprehensive policy for the treatment of Privacy and Proxy (PP) services. These include defining the relevant set of data for contracted parties to collect, transfer, retain, and escrow, as well as creating necessary data protection arrangements between and among ICANN org, the contracted parties, and other ecosystem partners (data escrow agents, dispute, resolution service providers, etc.).

  - The EPDP Phase 2 Team, per its Charter, is considering whether to recommend a policy governing disclosure of redacted data elements to authorized users. Org believes that it is necessary to establish a baseline approach for data disclosure through the EPDP Phase 2 Team's efforts, and then assess, in consultation with the PP IRT, whether any modifications are necessary to address the specifics of PP registrations.

- The draft Accreditation Agreement and related materials is presumed to be published for Public Comment once the EPDP Team’s implementation work has been completed.

Information about Privacy/Proxy Service Provider Accreditation is available at [https://gnso.icann.org/en/group-activities/active/ppsa](https://gnso.icann.org/en/group-activities/active/ppsa).
In November 2005, the GNSO concluded a policy development process (PDP) establishing a procedure to allow gTLD registry operators and ICANN-accredited registrars to demonstrate when they are prevented by local laws from fully complying with the provisions of their respective ICANN contracts regarding personal data in WHOIS.

The ICANN Board adopted the recommendations in May 2006 and directed ICANN org to develop such a procedure. A contracted party that credibly demonstrates that it is legally prevented from complying with its WHOIS obligations can invoke the procedure.

ICANN launched a review of the procedure in May 2014. In May 2016, the Implementation Advisory Group submitted its final report to the GNSO Council and recommended that the WHOIS Procedure be revised to incorporate an "Alternative Trigger," in addition to the existing trigger to invoke the procedure. In February 2017, the GNSO Council passed a resolution adopting IAG’s recommendation and confirmed that the modification to the WHOIS Procedure does not change the intent of the original GNSO policy recommendations.

The revised procedures, including the alternative trigger, went into effect on 18 April 2017.

On 22 February 2018, the GNSO Council adopted a Charter for an Implementation Advisory Group, which is tasked with providing the GNSO Council with recommendations on how to address the comments and input that have been received in response to the public comment forum on the Revised ICANN Procedure for Handling WHOIS Conflicts with Privacy Law.

24 January 2019 - Per the Council’s recent discussions, noting the current workload and activities that may impact the IAG’s work, staff is refraining from circulating the call for volunteers to the GNSO Stakeholder Groups until the EPDP Team completes certain milestones (e.g., delivery of its Initial Report).

13 March 2019 – During its meeting on 13 March 2019, the GNSO Council voted to defer the call for volunteers for 12 months, pending the outcome of EPDP Phase 1 implementation and Phase 2 work.

16 July 2020 – During its meeting on 16 July 2020, the GNSO Council agreed to form a small group of volunteers to review the Charter for an Implementation Advisory Group and provide guidance to the Council on next steps to consider.

The ICANN Procedures for Handling WHOIS Conflicts with Privacy Laws is available at https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/whois-privacy-conflicts-procedure-2008-01-17-en.
Across-Field Address Validation

- The 2013 Registrar Accreditation Agreement (“RAA”) requires ICANN org to review requirements under the WHOIS Accuracy Program Specification in consultation with the Registrar WHOIS Validation Working Group to identify a set of tools that will enable accredited registrars to complete validation actions required in the Agreement.

- In 2014 and 2017, the WHOIS Validation Working Group created a Request for Information (RFI) to determine if a third party could have or could produce any solutions deemed to be ‘technically and commercially feasible’ based on the current RAA language.

- In February 2018, ICANN completed the (RFI) and nine (9) responses were received. These responses contained updated information regarding current services available to complete across field address validation and verification. A summary of these nine responses are located on the Across Field Address Validation WIKI page and have been provided to the Registrar Working Group.

- In December 2018, concerns of the potential impact of GDPR were raised regarding the implementation of AFAV. ICANN org reviewed this project in light of these concerns and determined that the GDPR does not negate the RAA requirements for data accuracy validation, and the AFAV requirement is in line with the accuracy principle of the GDPR.

- As of late 2019, despite significant efforts by ICANN and registrars, there has not been mutual agreement on identification of a commercially and technically feasible solution for the implementation of AFAV.

- In late 2019, ICANN formally paused efforts to implement AFAV for a period of two years. Following the pause, ICANN will reassess the market for commercial solutions that may have advanced since the last assessment in late 2017.

Information on Across-Field Address Validation is available at https://community.icann.org/display/AFAV.
WHOIS Accuracy Reporting System

- To implement the first WHOIS Review Team’s recommendations and address GAC’s concerns on WHOIS accuracy, ICANN org initiated the development of the WHOIS Accuracy Reporting System (ARS)—a framework for conducting repeatable assessments of WHOIS accuracy, publicly report the findings, and provide data to the ICANN Contractual Compliance team to follow up on potentially inaccurate records with registrars.


- Based on the lack of predictable publicly available registration data and given the community work from the GNSO’s Expedited Policy Development Process (EPDP), the ARS process remains paused to consider the impact of the EPDP efforts and assess ICANN org’s ability to effectively administer ARS.

- The completion of implementation work from EPDP Phase 1 will inform the operationalization of policies and services such as WHOIS ARS that was paused in FY19 due to changes in data protection and privacy regulations.

Information on the WHOIS ARS is available at https://whois.icann.org/en/whoisars.
Thick WHOIS

- On 14 March 2012, the GNSO initiated a PDP on the transition to thick WHOIS for all gTLDs.
- On 21 October 2013, the PDP Working Group published the final report.
- On 7 February 2014, the ICANN Board adopted the policy recommendations.
- On 1 February 2017, Thick RDDS (Whois) Transition Policy for .COM, .NET, .JOBS was published with the effective date of 1 February 2019.
- On 13 May 2018, ICANN Board passed a Resolution to defer THICK WHOIS contractual compliance enforcement for six months.
- On 14 March 2019, ICANN Board passed a Resolution to defer contractual compliance enforcement.
- On 7 November 2019, ICANN Board passed a Resolution to defer THICK WHOIS contractual compliance enforcement until all of the following have occurred:
  - The gTLD Registration Data Policy Implementation Review Team (IRT) completes its review and establishes an implementation timeline estimate of the EPDP Team’s recommendations.
  - ICANN org and the IRT provide the GNSO Council with information on the impacts of the EPDP Team’s recommendations on existing policies and procedures (including the Thick WHOIS Transition policy).
  - The GNSO Council makes a determination on whether to take action on updates to relevant policies and procedures impacting the Thick WHOIS Transition Policy.

Information on Thick WHOIS is available at https://www.icann.org/resources/pages/thick-whois-transition-policy-2017-02-01-en.
Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP)

- RDAP was developed by the technical community in the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). RDAP is a protocol that delivers registration data like WHOIS, but its implementation will change and standardize data access and query response formats.

- On 17 May 2018, the ICANN Board passed a resolution adopting a Temporary Specification for gTLD Registration Data. As part of that Temporary Specification, gTLD registries and registrars are required to implement a Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP) service within 135 days of ICANN org requesting implementation. The Temporary Specification also called for a gTLD RDAP Profile, SLA, and registry Reporting requirements to be developed prior to RDAP deployment.

- On 26 February 2019, the Registries and Registrars Stakeholder Groups endorsed the RDAP profile developed by the RDAP Profile Working Group.

- On 27 February 2019, ICANN sent the registries and registrars a notice requesting implementation of RDAP according to the gTLD-RDAP profile(s). Registries and registrars are required to implement an RDAP service by 26 August 2019.

- 26 August 2019 is the deadline for the Registry and Registrar Stakeholder Groups to implement RDAP.

- ICANN initiated ongoing negotiations to amend the RA & RAA to include more robust requirements for RDAP including a contractually binding profile, reporting requirements and service level agreements (SLAs).

Information on RDAP is available at https://www.icann.org/rdap.