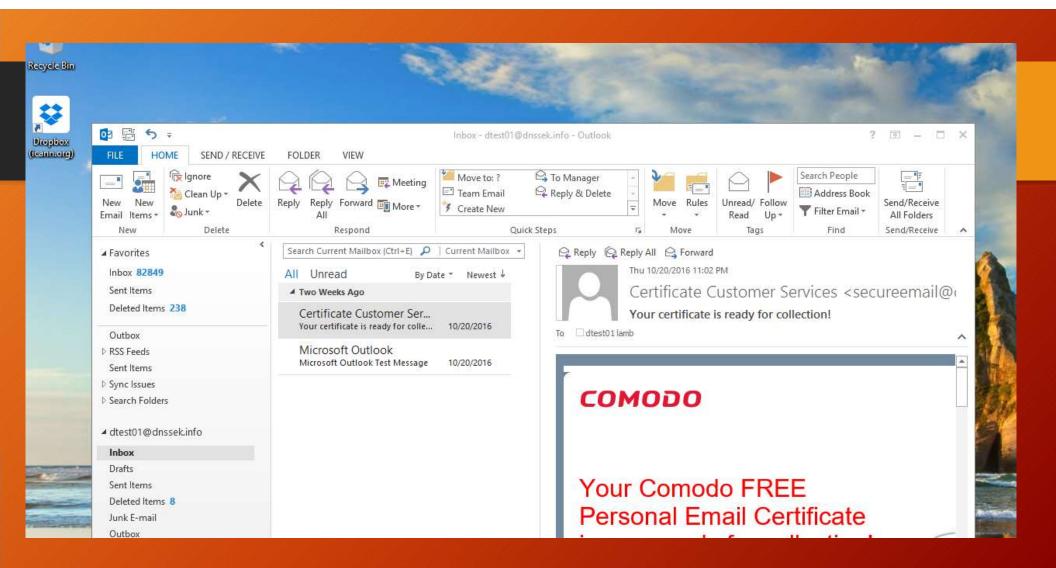
Demonstration: DNSSEC-S/MIME-DANE Package for Microsoft Outlook

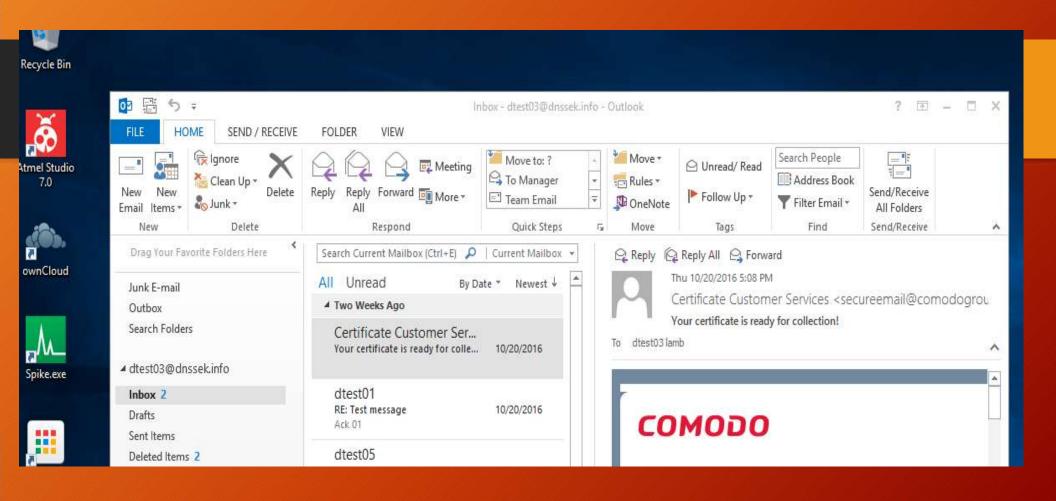
ICANN 57 Hyderabad, DNSSEC Workshop 7 Nov 2016 slamb@xtcn.com

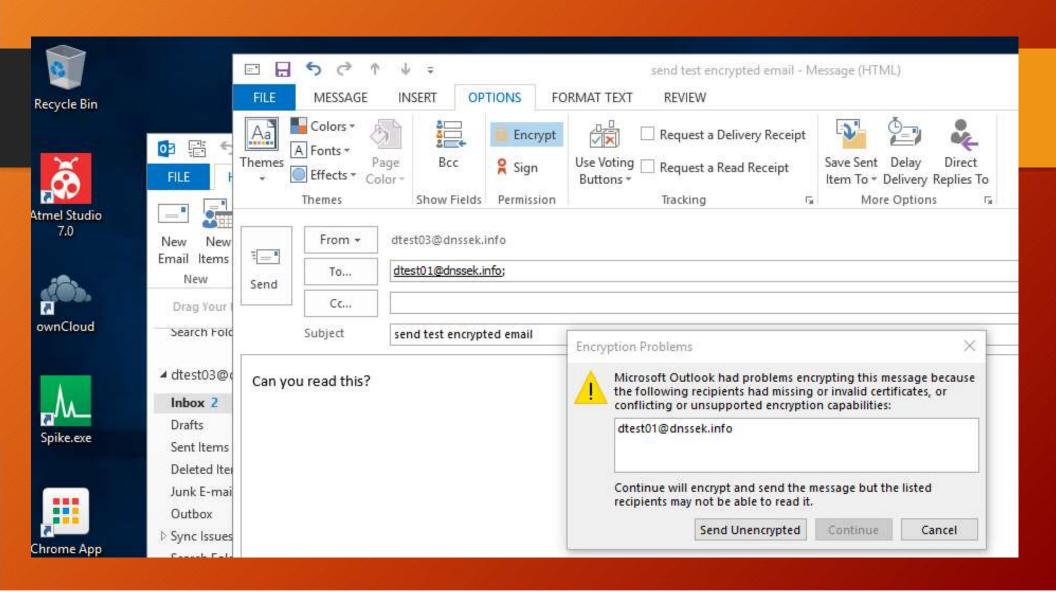
Background

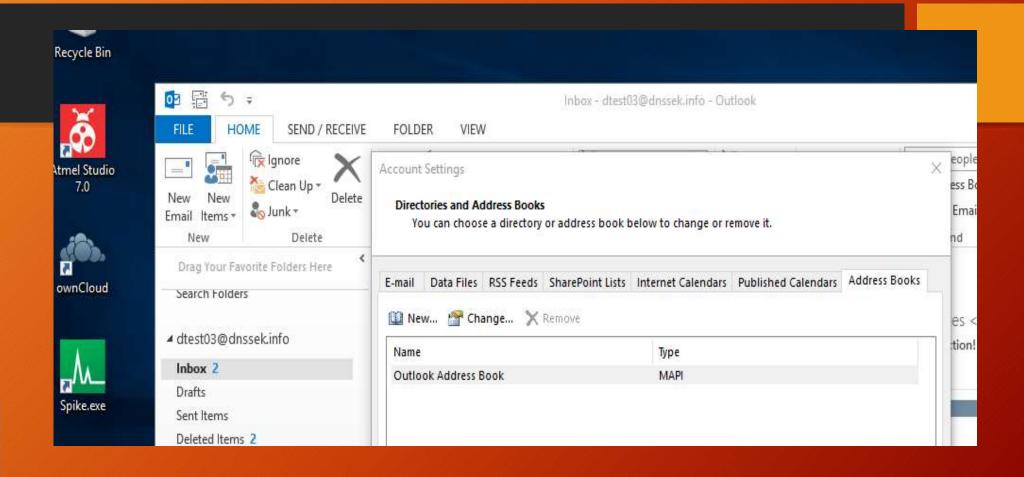
- Slow Uptake of DNSSEC
- Need killer-app
- DANE!! SMIMEA!!
- But still slow uptake
- Windows still king
- Outlook still king
- Kaminsky 2009 shoehorn DNSSEC into Outlook
- What about via Outlook Address book?
- Bingo! LDAP to DNSSEC validating convertor
- We now have any-2-any encrypted email

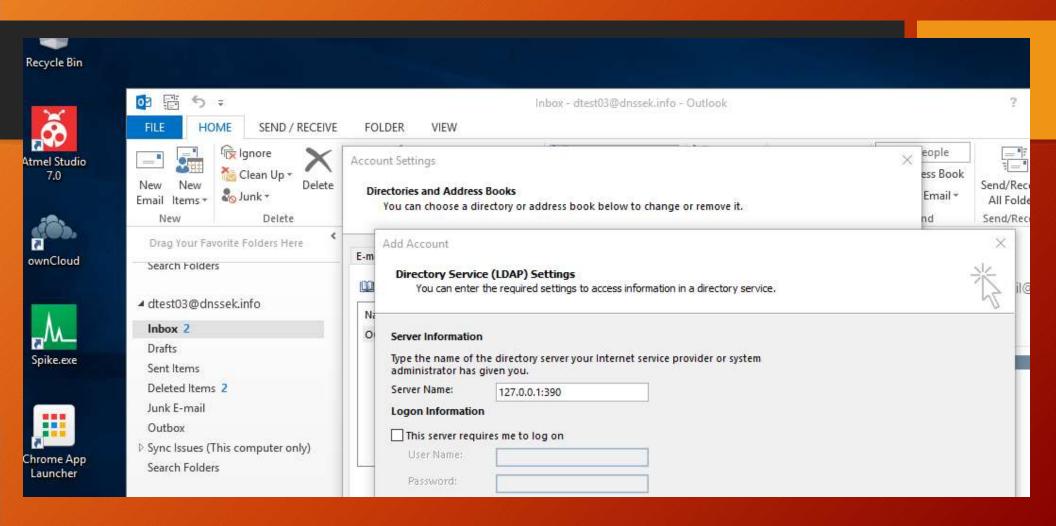
DEMO HERE (Pray)

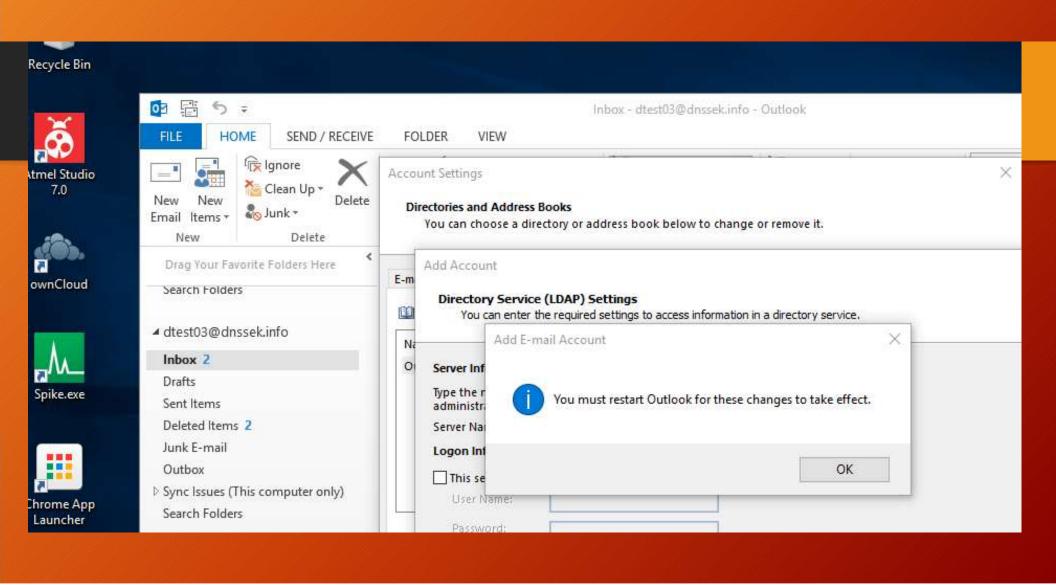


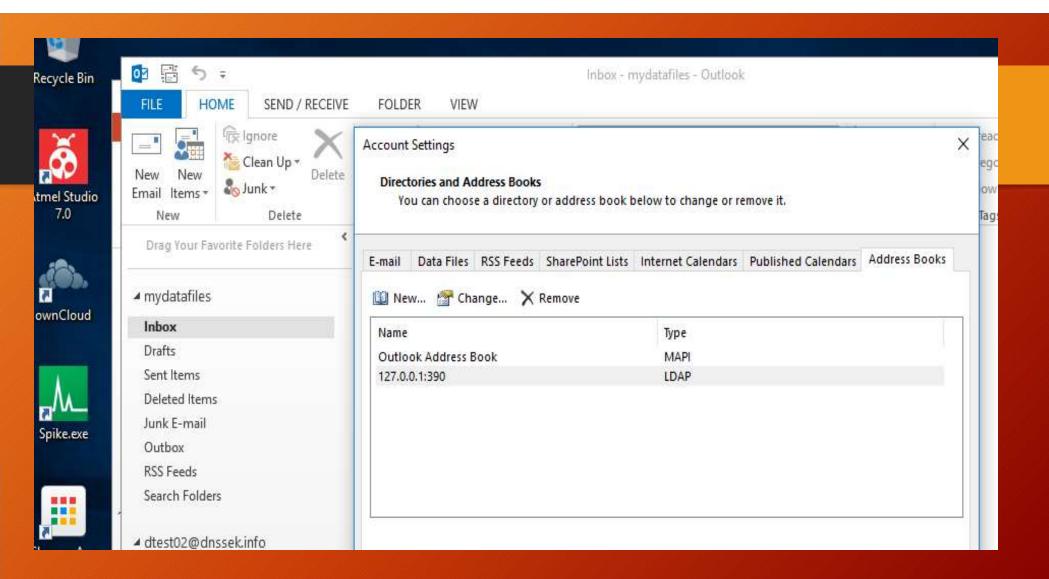


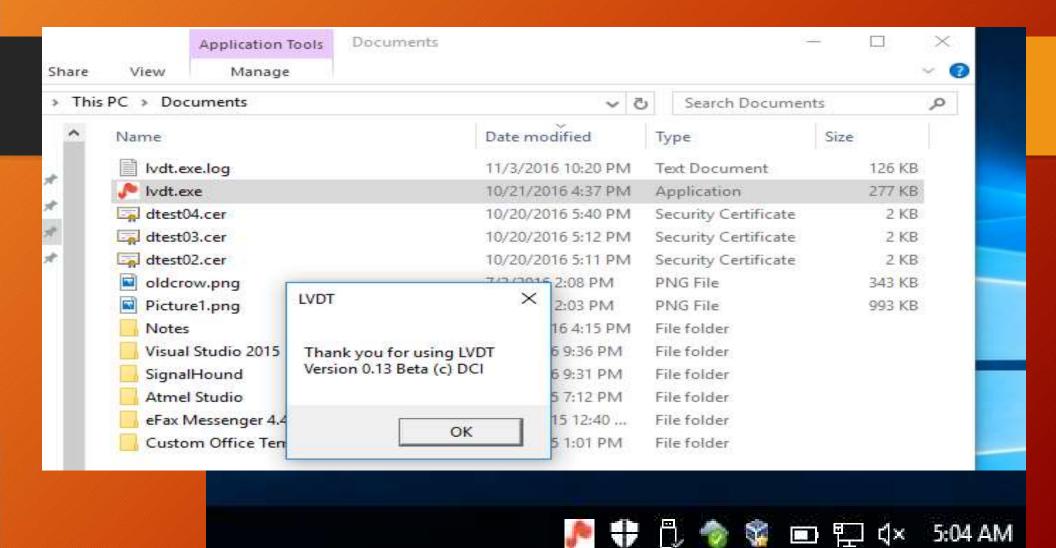




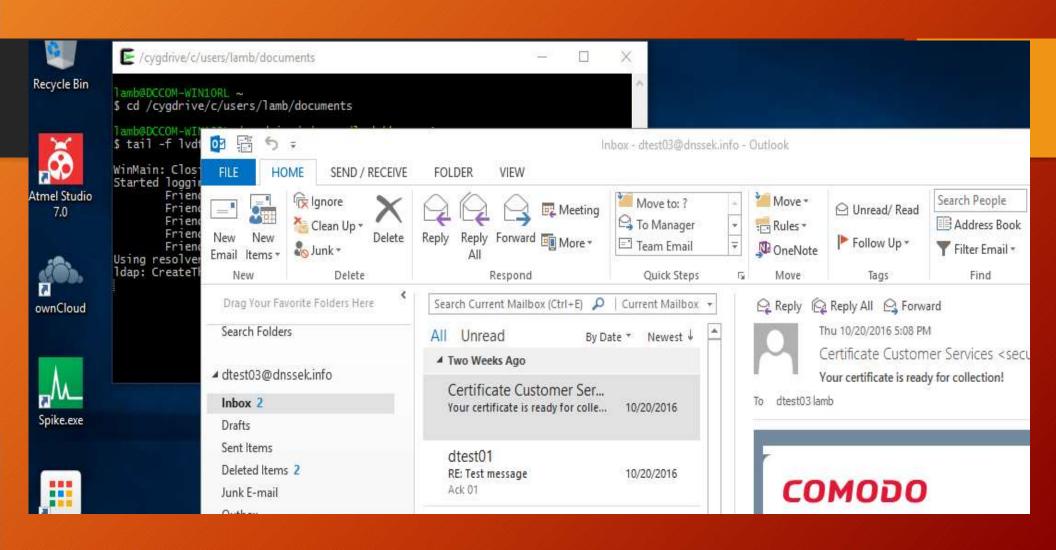


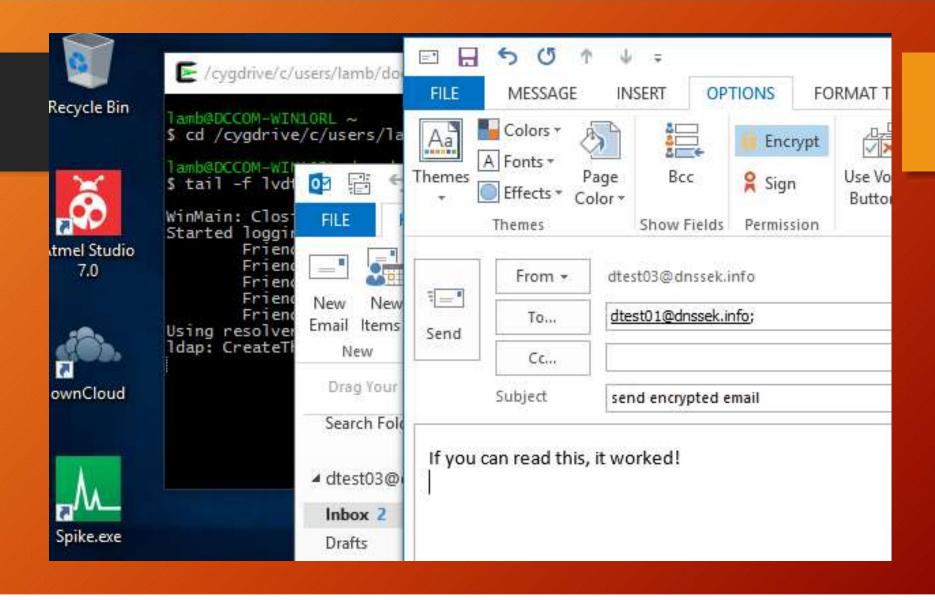


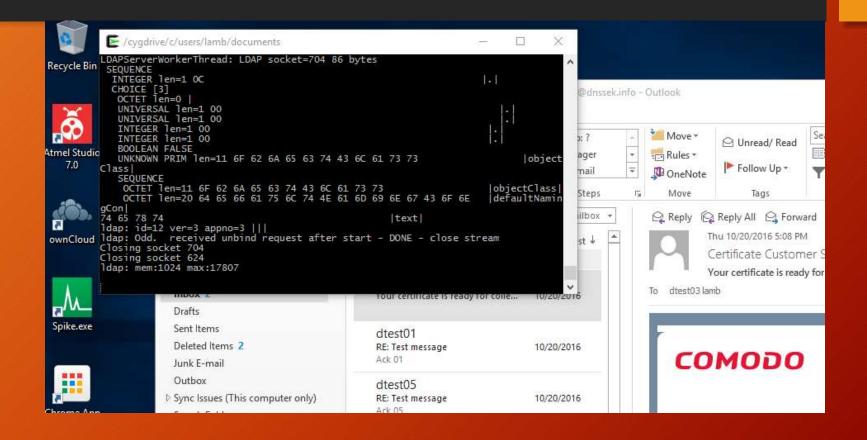


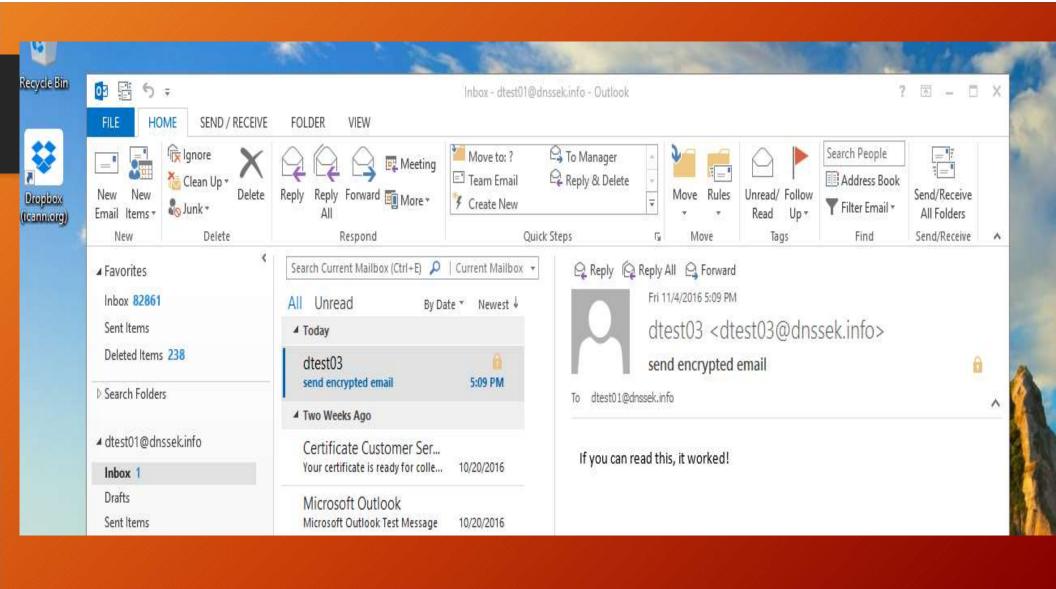


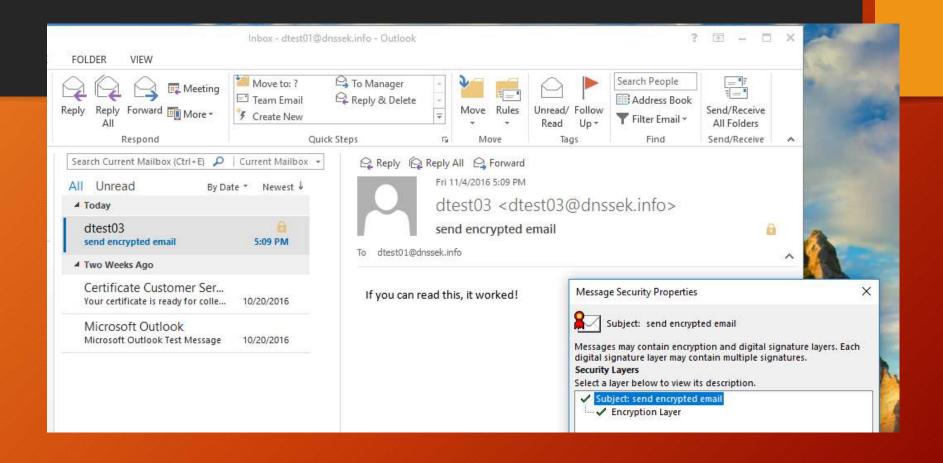
```
/cygdrive/c/users/lamb/documents
lamb@DCCOM-WIN1ORL ~
$ cd /cygdrive/c/users/lamb/documents
lamb@DCCOM-WIN1ORL /cygdrive/c/users/lamb/documents
$ tail -f lvdt.exe.log
WinMain: Closing logfile |C:\Users\lamb\Documents\lvdt.exe.log|
Started logging to [C:\Users\lamb\Documents\lvdt.exe.log|
Friendly name: Ethernet DNS: 192.168.0.1
         Friendly name: Ethernet 3
         Friendly name: Loopback Pseudo-Interface 1
         Friendly name: isatap.{8D8A1F2C-7563-4685-B59B-FD8C5209618D}
Friendly name: Teredo Tunneling Pseudo-Interface
Using resolver at 192.168.0.1 for validation
ldap: CreateThread() is OK! ID=5260
```



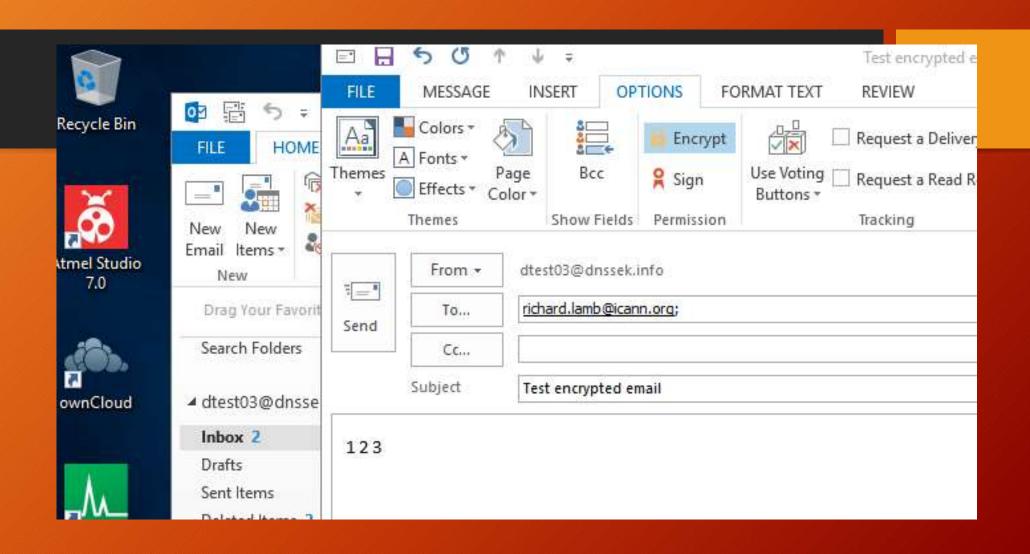


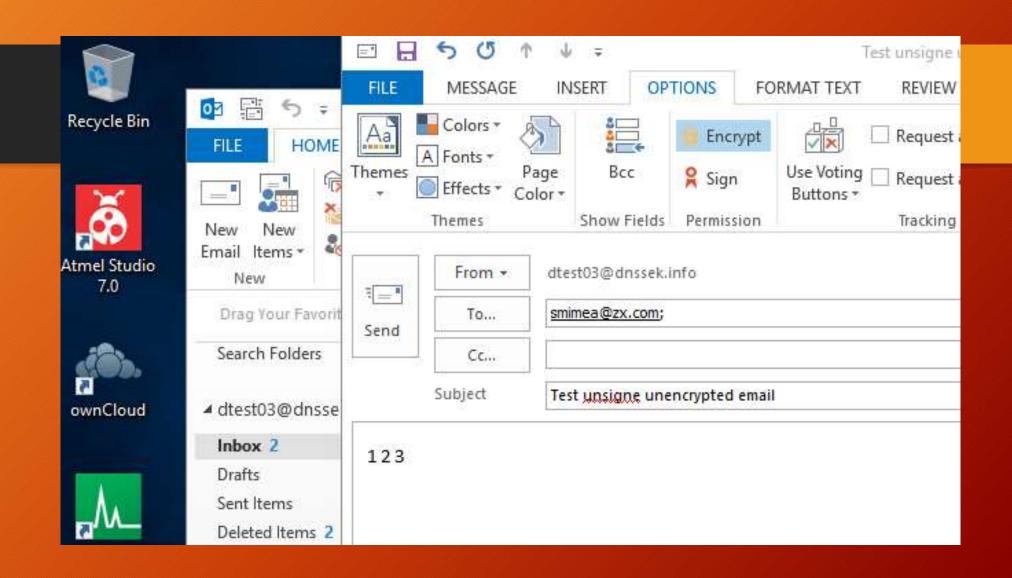


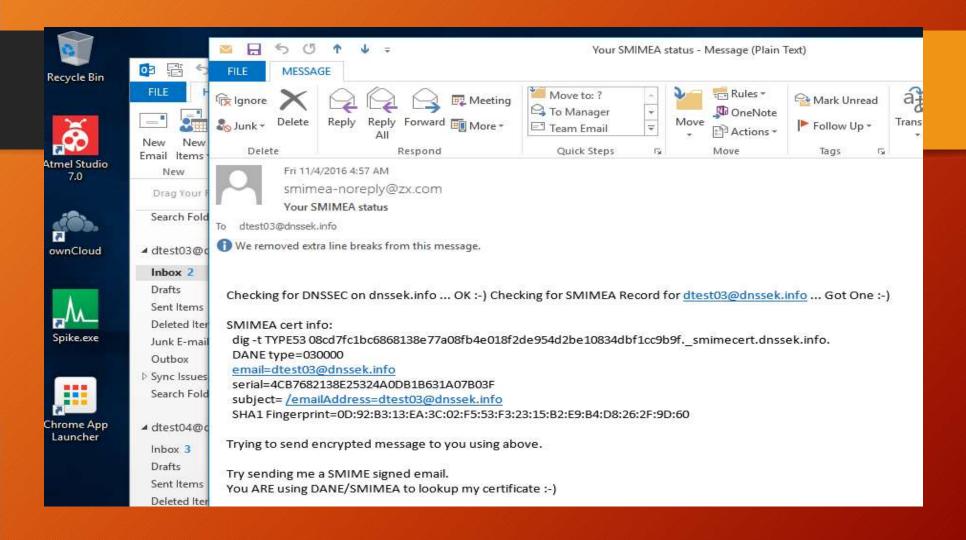


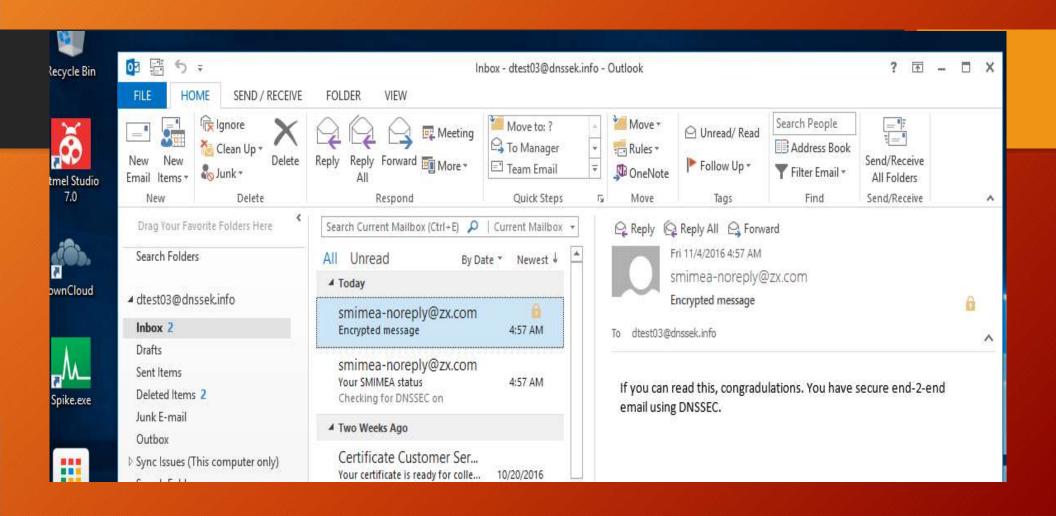


```
lamb@DCCOM-WIN10RL /cygdrive/c/users/lamb/documents
$ dig +dnssec -t type53
b8bcd91628f45536a4776929b99867d2c4f08b390edb0aa1619fc36a._smimecert.dnssek.info. @8.8.8.8
; <<>> DiG 9.10.3 <<>> +dnssec -t type53
b8bcd91628f45536a4776929b99867d2c4f08b390edb0aa1619fc36a._smimecert.dnssek.info. @8.8.8.8
;; global options: +cmd
:: Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 27335
;; flags: gr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
:: OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags: do; udp: 512
:: QUESTION SECTION:
:b8bcd91628f45536a4776929b99867d2c4f08b390edb0aa1619fc36a. smimecert.dnssek.info. IN TYPE53
;; ANSWER SECTION:
b8bcd91628f45536a4776929b99867d2c4f08b390edb0aa1619fc36a._smimecert.dnssek.info. 3599 IN TYPE53 \#
1349 0300003082053E30820426A003020102021100BD123431A7487BA82E
0597A3A2727711300D06092A864886F70D01010B050030819B310B30
09060355040613024742311B30190603550408131247726561746572
fPghFykI3T+kX6PngMCKW18fBbI1FouRNR2kEBrOZQILRtEnSxeknT7/
iYCSBH2sNjv3AGVfvsetNtciabELx/z1r8DXA23rDBuwuj4pb]RT4UNq
XwZ3Xq1NVpNxVZEvDd5Nh3/SorOuf1N/XbdSb+Er0X7e9BxusOv0o2B5 65Gt1q==
:: Query time: 1287 msec
;; SERVER: 8.8.8.8#53(8.8.8.8)
:: WHEN: Fri Nov 04 04:47:45 PDT 2016
:: MSG SIZE rcvd: 1768
```









What Happened

- 1. Outlook queries its address book for information on dtest01@dnssek.info including S/MIME certificate.
 One of the LDAP entries points to local LDAP server at 127.0.0.1 port 390.
- 2. LVDT.EXE is a minimal, from scratch, LDAP server listening on port 390 that converts LDAP requests into DNS lookups.
- 3. DNS responses from 'Net are DNSSEC validated by LVDT.EXE and only then converted back into a LDAP response for Outlook's Address book to use. Outlook uses returned certificate to encrypt email.

Resources

- IETF draft-ietf-dane-smime
- lvdt.dc.org
- smimea@zx.com