

Registration Directory Service (RDS) Review: WHOIS

- The RDS Review Team "Call for Volunteers" has been extended.
- The new deadline for applications is March 20, 2017.
- Visit "Announcements on ICANN.org to learn how to apply or follow this link: https://www.icann.org/news/announcement-2-2017-02-22-en









RDAP Implementation

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RDAP History

- 19 September 2011: SSAC's SAC 051: "The ICANN community should evaluate and adopt a replacement domain name registration data access protocol"
- 28 October 2011: Board resolution adopts SAC 051
- 4 June 2012: Roadmap to implement SAC 051 is published
- 2012: RDAP community development within IETF WG begins
- March 2015: RDAP IETF RFCs are published
- June 2015: Begin work on the RDAP gTLD Profile which maps RDAP features to existing policy and contractual requirements
- 26 July 2016: Version 1.0 of RDAP gTLD Profile is published



RDAP – Current Status

- 9 August 2016: The RySG submitted a "Request for Reconsideration" regarding the inclusion of RDAP in the Consistent Labeling & Display policy, among other things
- 1 February 2017: A revised Consistent Labeling & Display Policy, removing the RDAP requirement was published
- This session will explore a new proposal to implement RDAP in the gTLD space



Proposed RDAP Implementation

- Require RDAP implementation on a contractual basis,
 - with a set of technical requirements backed by existing policy or contractual provisions,
 - other provisions will become recommendations, and
 - allowing optional experimentation with additional features on top of the technical requirements.
- Future PDP work (e.g., RDS PDP) or contractual negotiation could modify requirements in the future.



What would become Recommendations?

- Inclusion of link to registrar RDAP service for thin registrations
- Secure transport (HTTPS) only / authentication of origin
- 3. Support for IDN queries in Unicode and responses
- 4. Reporting requirements for RDAP queries
- 5. Use of DNSSEC
- Use of DANE potential future of digital certificates in DNS
- 7. Version identification
- RDAP extensions registered with IANA

- Description for the reason to truncate a response
- Inclusion of IP addresses for name servers
- 11. Inclusion of variants in response
- Queries for registrar objects using the IANA id
- Requirement for only one registrant, admin, and technical contact
- Standard "place" for the terms of service and help of the service
- Standardization of responses for names not sponsored by registrar being queried



Main RDAP Features vs. WHOIS

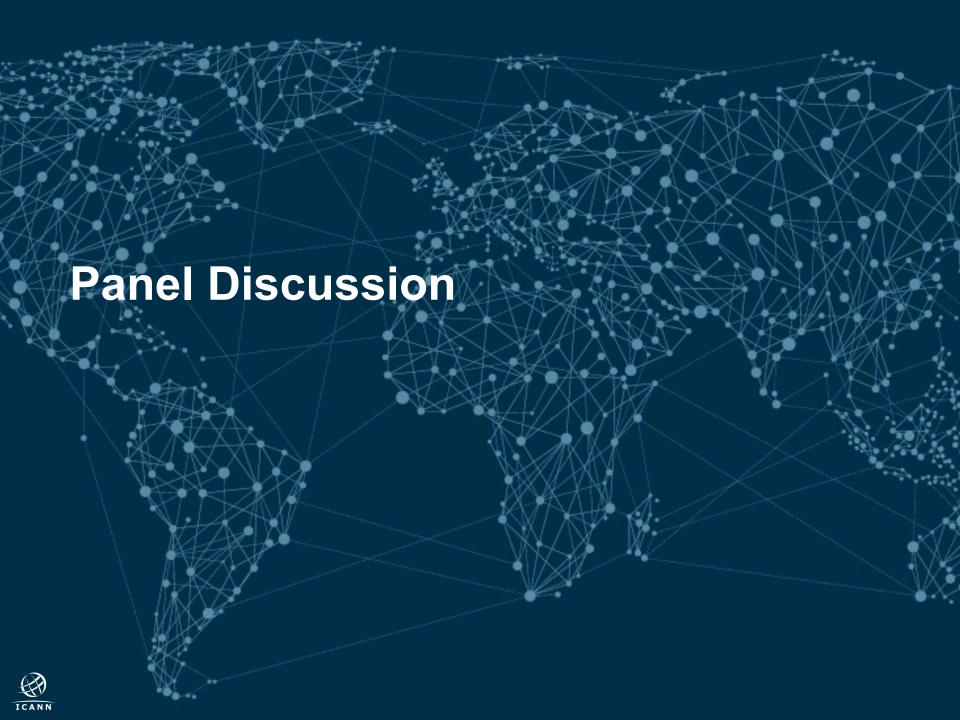
- Standardized query, response and error messages
- Bootstrapping mechanism to easily find the authoritative server for a given query
- Extensibility (e.g., easy to add output elements)
- Builds on top of the well-known web protocol HTTP/HTTPS
- Internationalization support
- Secure access to data (i.e., over HTTPS)
- Differentiated access (e.g., limited access for anonymous users, and full access for authenticated users)
- Standardized reference mechanism (e.g., from a registry to a registrar)



Next Steps

- Share proposal with RySG and RrSG
- Share proposal with gTLD-tech mailing list
- Update proposal as needed
- Potential public comment
- Request RDAP deployment based on contractual language for both registries and registrars by 1 August 2017 with effective of 1 February 2018





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Thank You and Questions

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