

A world map in shades of blue is centered on the slide, overlaid on a grid of latitude and longitude lines. The map is semi-transparent, allowing the grid to be seen through it.

ccNSO

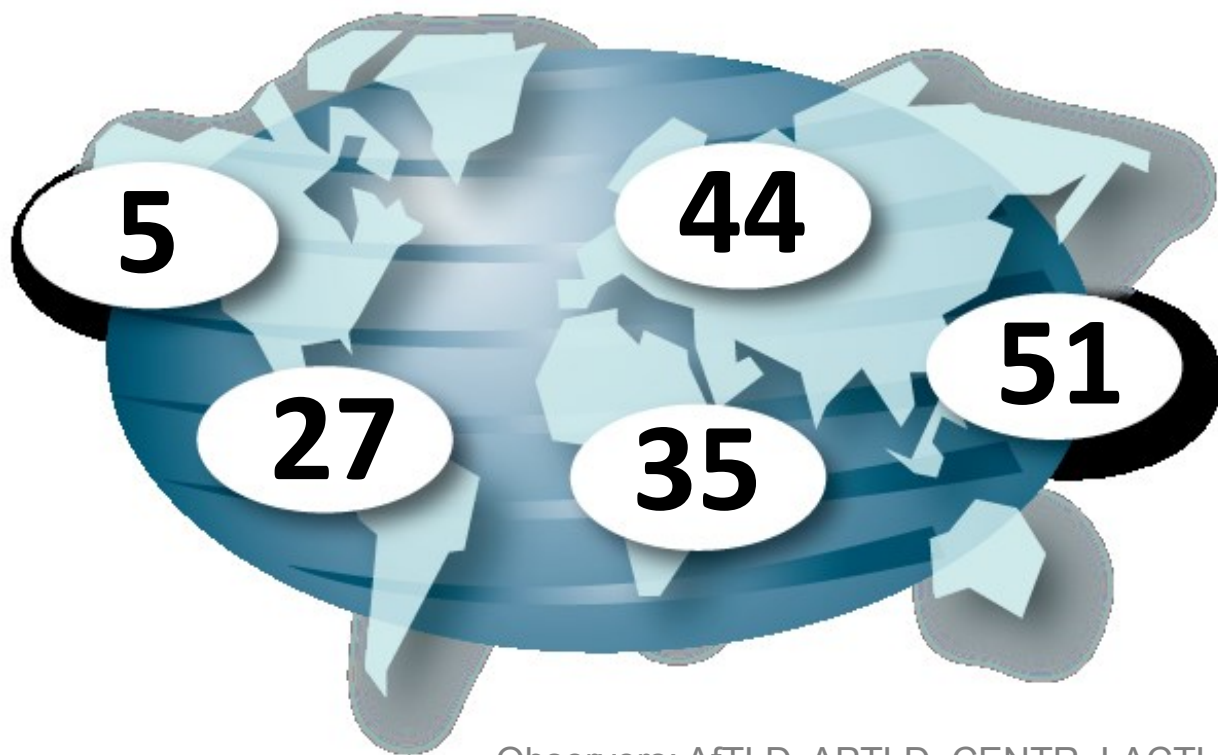
Country Code Names Supporting Organisation



ccNSO Council Priorities

31 October - 1 November 2017, Abu Dhabi

Members|



Observers: AfTLD, APTLD, CENTR, LACTLD

PDP Retirement of ccTLDs

- Focus on working method and methodology
- Rules of engagement
- Scenarios, which could result in retirement

Update: Tuesday, 10:30-11:45

Customer Standing Committee Charter Review

- Charter review
- Joint ccNSO and RySG (GNSO) effort

Update: Tuesday, 15:15-16:45

Use of Country and Territory Names as TLDs

- ccNSO participates in WT5 under GNSO PDP

Update: Tuesday, 10:30-11:45

ccNSO

Country Code Names Supporting Organisation

1 September 2017

Participation of the ccNSO in WT 5 Subsequent Procedures

To: James Bladel, Chair of the GNSO
 CC: Thomas Schneider, Alan Greenberg, Steve Crocker, Chris Disspain, Mike Silber, Góran Martyr, Avri Doria, Jeff Neuman, Annebeth Lange

Dear James,

In July 2017, the ccNSO adopted the recommendations of the final paper published by the Cross-Community Working Group on Use of Country/Territory Names as TLDs (CCWG UCTN). With adoption the ccNSO supports the recommendation of the CCWG UCTN that the development of a consistent and uniform framework to guide the definition of rules on the use of country and territory names as top level domains, across the SOs and ACs, has proven too difficult to achieve by the CCWG. However, the ccNSO also supports the CCWG recommendation that further work is needed.

The ccNSO was invited to designate a person to participate to serve as a co-leader of a new Working Track 5 (WT5) within the GNSO's New gTLD Subsequent Procedures PDP Working Group. It is our understanding that this track will focus exclusively on geographic names at the top-level. The ccNSO Council designated Annebeth Lange, no, to serve as a co-leader of the WT5 and informed the leadership team of the Subsequent Procedures WG accordingly.

As this topic will now most likely be addressed under the auspices of a GNSO PDP WG, and, as strongly recommended by the leadership of the subsequent procedures PDP working group, the WT5 is expected to operate in a similar way as a cross-community working group, the ccNSO Council strongly believes that this effort will succeed and will be acceptable only if:

- the core principles of cross-community working groups are included in the terms of reference for this Working Track 5. In particular, directly participating SO/ACs need to support or at a minimum not object to the final recommendations of such a working track in accordance with their own rules and procedures before the recommendations become part of proposed GNSO consensus policies.
- in case one or more participating SO/ACs object to the final recommendations of the Working Track 5, the current rules with respect to the use of names of country and territory names under the Applicant Guidebook remain in place for the subsequent rounds of new gTLDs until such a time the community has found a broadly supported consensus resolution¹.

Finally – if circumstances so dictate – participation of the ccNSO in this effort does not pre-empt nor forfeits any decision of the ccNSO to launch a ccNSO policy development process on issues pertaining to the use of country and territory names as ccTLDs, including IDN ccTLDs. This area clearly remains within the purview of the scope of ccNSO policies.

We look forward to working with the GNSO and other SO/ACs in the next effort to address the use of country and territory names as top-level domains.

Thank you,



Katrina Sataki, Chair

¹ It is the understanding of the ccNSO that the rules in the 11 January 2012 version of the gTLD Applicant Guidebook in place during the new gTLD applications period provided that "a string shall be considered to be a country or territory name if:

- it is an alpha-3 code listed in the ISO 3166-1 standard
- it is a long-form name listed in the ISO 3166-1 standard, or a translation of the long-form name in any language
- it is a short-form name listed in the ISO 3166-1 standard, or a translation of the short-form name in any language
- it is the short- or long-form name association with a code that has been designated as "exceptionally reserved" by the ISO 3166 Maintenance Agency
- it is a separable component of a country name designated on the "Separable Country Names List," or is a translation of a name appearing on the list. In any language. See the Annex at the end of this module.
- it is a permutation or transposition of any of the names included in items (i) through (v). Permutations include removal of spaces, insertion of punctuation, and addition or removal of grammatical articles like "the". A transposition is considered a change in the sequence of the long or short-form name, for example, "RepublicCzech" or "IslandsCayman".
- it is a name by which a country is commonly known, as demonstrated by evidence that the country is recognized by that name by an intergovernmental or treaty organization."

Source: gTLD Applicant Guidebook Version 9 (11 January 2012), Module 2, Section 2.2.1.4.1, Treatment of Country or Territory Names, at <http://newgtlds.icann.org/en/about/historical-documentation/matrix-agg-v9>.

ccNSO Review

- Deferred to 2018,
- Request to do self-evaluation
- GRC works on internal review

ccNSO Council Election and Board Nomination

- Guideline on nomination to the Board
- Issues identified by Nomination Manager, e.g.
 - Citizenship of candidates with multiple nationalities
 - Additional requirements in the Bylaws (Section 7.4)

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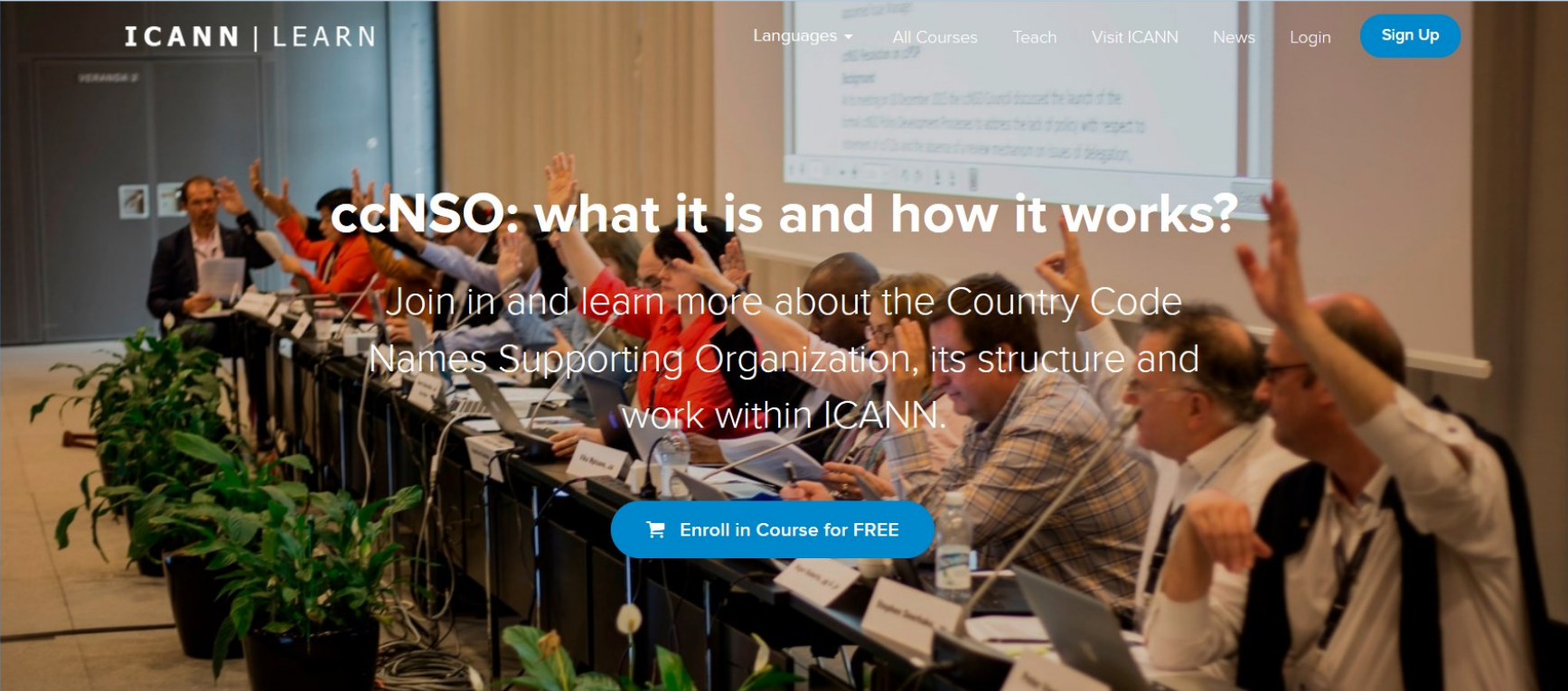
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ccNSO: what it is and how it works?

Join in and learn more about the Country Code Names Supporting Organization, its structure and work within ICANN.

 Enroll in Course for FREE



Welcome!

In this course you will learn about the Country Code Names Supporting Organization (ccNSO) – a body within the ICANN structure created for and by the country code top level domain (ccTLD) managers.

The ccNSO provides a platform to nurture consensus, technical cooperation and skill building among ccTLDs and facilitates the development of voluntary best practices for ccTLD managers. It is also responsible for developing and recommending global policies to the ICANN Board for a limited set of issues relating to ccTLDs.

<http://learn.icann.org/p/ccnso-onboarding>

A world map is shown in a light blue color against a dark blue background. The map is centered on the Atlantic Ocean. Overlaid on the map is the text "Thank you!" in a large, bold, yellow font. The text is positioned in the upper-middle part of the map, covering parts of North America, Europe, and Africa.

Thank you!