



.PR DNSSEC History and Experiences



- Why was NIC.PR interested?
- NIC.PR was a research laboratory involved in various research projects that included:
 - Watermarking
 - Public Key Cryptography
- Being a technology center of Computing Science, NIC.PR considered DNSSEC to be an area of interest.



- Why was NIC.PR interested?
- Circa 2000, the local government site was redirected to a malicious site at the ISP level.
 - Completely avoidable had DNSSEC been available.
- Shortly after Sweden (.se) became the first ccTLD to offer DNSSEC, it became clear that this was the way forward in terms of DNS security.



- When was DNSSEC activated?
- NIC.PR started signing the zones on July 2006.
- NIC.PR started transmitting DNSSEC zones to the public servers for the first time in August 2006.



➤ List of DNSSEC signed zones at deployment (2006):

- .pr
- .nic.pr
- .com.pr
- .net.pr
- .org.pr
- .isla.pr
- .edu.pr
- .gov.pr
- .pro.pr
- .biz.pr
- .info.pr
- .name.pr

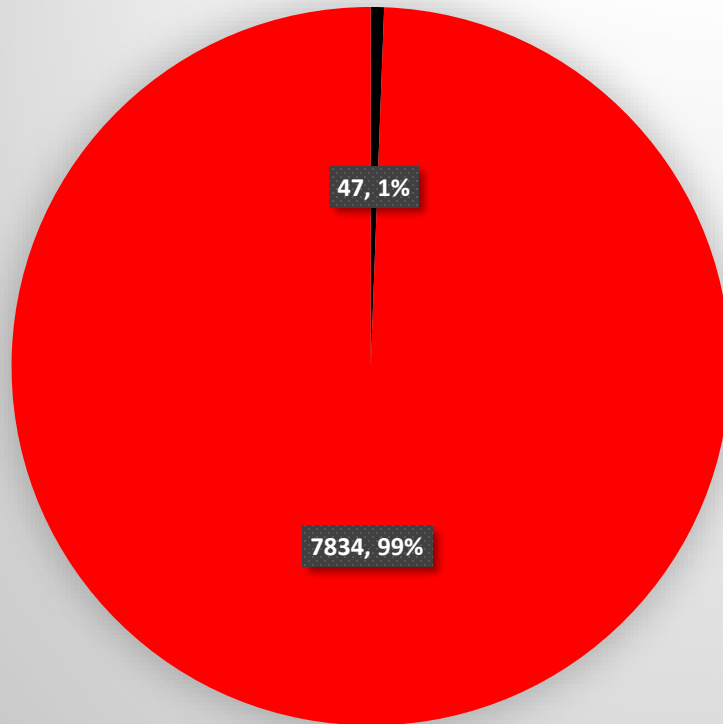


Promotion efforts

- An informational website was created at <http://dnssec.nic.pr> to publish .pr DNSSEC related information.
- The local government was encouraged to sign the domain gobierno.pr.
- Signed and hosted DNS zones of clients under the incentives program.



DNSSEC proportion



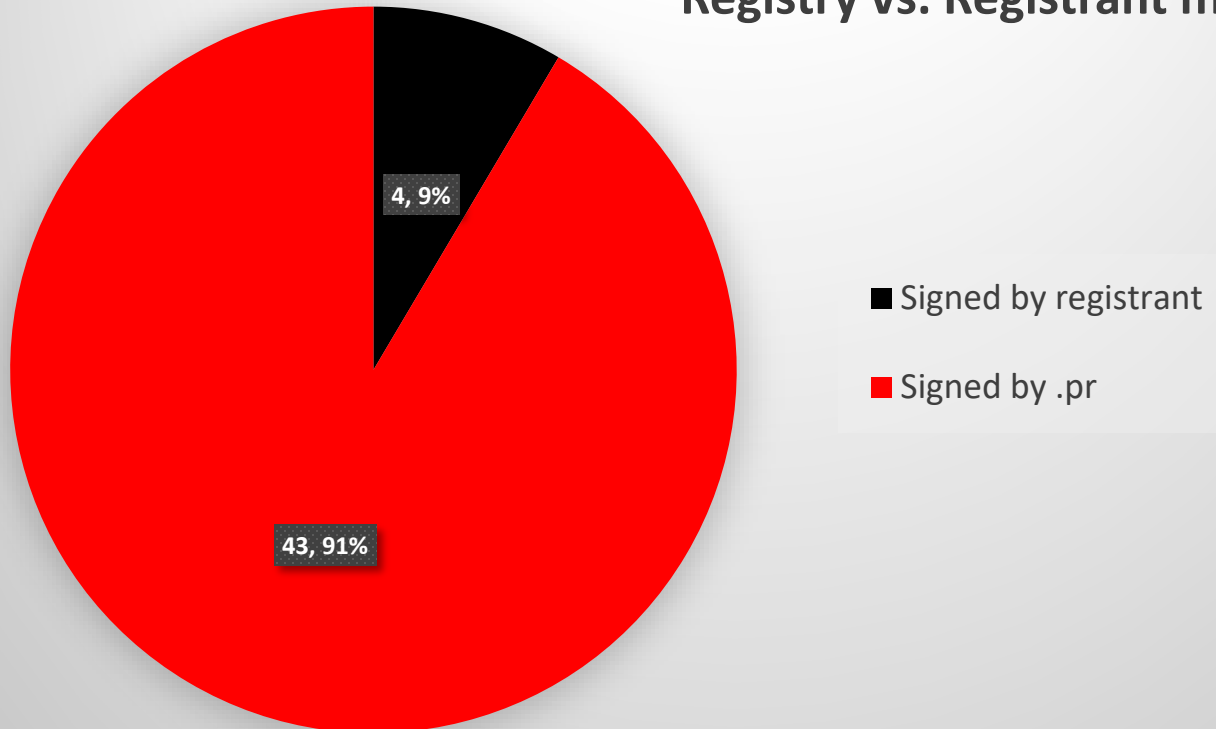
DNSSEC Proportion as of 12/9/17

- DNSSEC signed
- Unsigned



Signed zones proportion


Registry vs. Registrant managed DNSSEC





Operational experiences

- .pr zones were signed on a Windows 2003 Server machine.
- Zone file generation and DNSSEC signing were performed using VBScript.
 - `dnssec-keygen -a rsasha1 -b 1024 -n zone [domainname]`
 - `dnssec-keygen -a rsasha1 -b 2048 -f KSK -n zone [domainname]`
 - `dnssec-signzone -o [domain] -t -g -k [KSK] [zone file] [ZSK]`
- DNSSEC functionality was verified by:
 - Querying OARC's open DNSSEC resolvers (149.20.64.20, 149.20.64.21)
 - <http://www.dnsviz.net>



Thank you!
Questions?