A New Cooperation and Governance Model for the Root Server System

ICANN Board Concept Paper

13 March 2019



- Defines eleven principles for the operation and evolution of the Root Server System
- Proposes an initial governance model (the Model) for the Root Server System and its operators
- Demonstrates how the Model works through a set of scenarios on designation and removal of operators



Scope of the Model







To remain a global network, the Internet requires a globally unique public namespace.



Diversity of the root server operations is a strength of the overall system.



IANA is the source of DNS root data.



Architectural changes should result from technical evolution and demonstrated technical need.



The RSS must be a stable, reliable, and resilient platform for the DNS service to all users.



The IETF defines technical operation of the DNS protocol.



Root Server System Principles, continued



RSOs must operate with integrity and an ethos demonstrating a commitment to the common good of the Internet.



RSOs must be autonomous and independent.



RSOs must be transparent.



RSOs must be neutral and impartial.



RSOs must collaborate and engage with the stakeholder community.



The Model





Recommendations that complement RSSAC037.

The RSSAC recommends the ICANN Board:

- Initiate a process to produce a final version of the Model based on RSSAC037.
- Estimate costs of the RSS and developing the Model. Initial efforts should focus on developing a timeline.
- Implement the final version of the Model based upon principles of accountability, transparency, sustainability, and service integrity.



Envisions a new cooperation and governance model for the RSS based on RSSAC037:

- Root Server System Governance Board (SAPF)
- Root Server System Standing Committee (PMMF)
- Root Server Operator Review Panel (DRF)
- ICANN org as Finance and Secretariat Functions



Outlines a process to finalize a new cooperation and governance model for the RSS based on recommendation 1 in RSSAC038.

Phase 1: ICANN org is reviewing and evaluating RSSAC037 at the direction of the ICANN Board.

Phase 2: RSSAC037, a revised version of the Concept Paper, and revised GWG documents are available for public comment.

Phase 3: This is the final phase of developing a new cooperation and governance model for the RSS. The implementation phase has two tracks:

- The *Structural Track* to finalize the cooperation and governance model led by the Root Server System Governance Working Group.
- The Administrative Track to plan for implementation of the final cooperation and governance model led by ICANN org.



Phase 1: Design

- 0. RSSAC, BTC, and ICANN Board engage in informal exchanges and discussions about Concept Paper. (Now)
- 1. After BTC approves, ICANN org presents Concept Paper to RSSAC. ICANN org captures the feedback from RSSAC. (Post-ICANN64)
- 2. ICANN org presents draft GWG documents to ICANN Board and RSSAC for consideration and feedback. ICANN org captures the feedback from ICANN Board and RSSAC. (Pre-ICANN Board May 2019 Workshop)
- 3. ICANN org revises Concept Paper and GWG documents. (Post-ICANN Board May 2019 Workshop)
- 4. ICANN Board considers and approves resolution and directs ICANN org to publish RSSAC037, revised Concept Paper, and revised GWG documents for public comment. (ICANN65)



Accountability

- Periodic review of new groups and functions
- Separation of functions and proposed ICANN org roles
- Including RSSAC and all RSS stakeholders in implementation phase

Finance

- Consideration of RSO responsibilities in root service
- Same service requirements for RSOs that accept and forego funding
- Funding for existing capital assets, services, and ongoing operations

Evolution of RSSAC and RSSAC Caucus

